ENERGY PROFILE

Exports (% of production)

Energy self-sufficiency (%)

281

187

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)



Bioenergy

Geothermal

93%



RENEWABLE ENERGY CONSUMPTION (TFEC)

Renewable TFEC trend Electricity Commercial heat Bioenergy 600 515 510 487 486 467 500 445 Petajoules (PJ) 400 300 200 100 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Consumption by sector 2016 2021 Industry (TJ) 97 299 34 481 Transport (TJ) 0 722 166 326 Households (TJ) 120 494 Other (TJ) 297 372 308 725



ELECTRICITY CAPACITY



Net capacity change in 2023 (MW)

Non-renewable		Hydro and marine	
	+ 197		0
Solar		Wind	
	+ 1		0
Bioenergy		Geothermal	
	0		0

Renewable capacity in 2023 0% ■ Hydro/marine Solar ■ Wind Bioenergy 99% Geothermal Net capacity change (GW) ■ Fossil fuels ■ Renewable 2 1.7 2 1 1 0.2 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 -0.1 - 1 - 1.0 - 2 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Capacity utilisation in 2022 (%) Fossil fuels 12% Nuclear Hydro/Marine 46% Solar 14% 4% Wind Bioenergy Geothermal 0 20 40 60 80 100

Renewable energy consumption in 2021

ELECTRICITY GENERATION



1 Law on Rational and Efficient Use of Energy	2011
2 Organic Law to reserve to the State the related goods and services from the hydrocarbons primary activities	2009
3 National renewable energy registry	2007
4 Hydrocarbons Organic Law	2006
5 Sowing Light Programme	2005



RENEWABLE RESOURCE POTENTIAL



Annual generation per unit of installed PV capacity (MWh/kWp)

Biomass potential: net primary production





Indicators of renewable resource potential

Solar PV: Solar resource potential has been divided into seven classes, each representing a range of annual PV output per unit of capacity (kWh/kWp/yr). The bar chart shows the proportion of a country's land area in each of these classes and the global distribution of land area across the classes (for comparison).

Onshore wind: Potential wind power density (W/m²) is shown in the seven classes used by NREL, measured at a height of 100m. The bar chart shows the distribution of the country's land area in each of these classes compared to the global distribution of wind resources. Areas in the third class or above are considered to be a good wind resource.

Blomass: Net primary production (NPP) is the amount of carbon fixed by plants and accumulated as biomass each year. It is a basic measure of biomass productivity. The chart shows the average NPP in the country (tC/ha/yr), compared to the global average NPP of 3-4 tonnes of carbon

Sources: IRENA statistics, plus data from the following sources: UN SDG Database (original sources: WHO; World Bank; IEA; IRENA; and UNSD); UN World Population Prospects; UNSD Energy Balances: UN COMTRADE; World Bank World Development Indicators: EDGAR; REN2I Global Status Report; IEA-IRENA Joint Policies and Measures Database; IRENA Global Atlas; and World Bank Global Solar Atlas and Global Wind Atlas.

Additional notes: Capacity per capita and public investments SDGs only apply to developing areas. Energy self-sufficiency has been defined as total primary energy production divided by total primary energy supply. Energy trade includes all commodities in Chapter 27 of the Harmonised System (HS). Capacity utilisation is calculated as annual generation divided by year-end capacity x 8,760h/year. Avoided emissions from renewable power is calculated as renewable generation divided by fossil fuel generation multiplied by reported emissions from the power sector. This assumes that, if renewable power did not exist, fossil fuels would be used in its place to generate the same amount of power and using the same mix of fossil fuel. In countries and years where no fossil fuel generation occurs, an average fossil fuel emission factor has been used to calculate the avoided emissions.

These profiles have been produced to provide an overview of developments in renewable energy in different countries and areas. The IRENA statistics team would welcome comments and feedback on its structure and content, which can be sent to statistics@irena.org.

Last updated on: 31 July, 2024



IRENA Headquarters Masdar City P.O. Box 236, Abu Dhabi United Arab Emirates www.irena.org