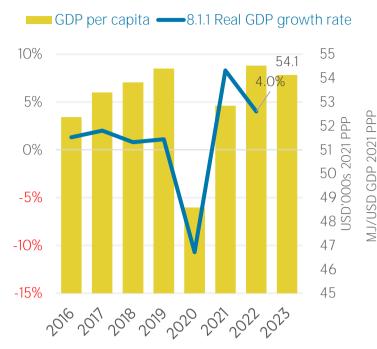
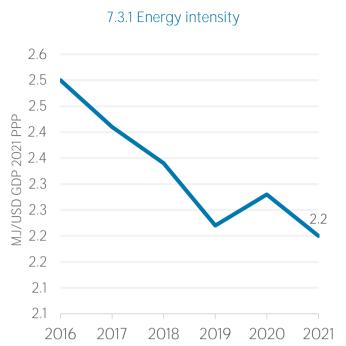
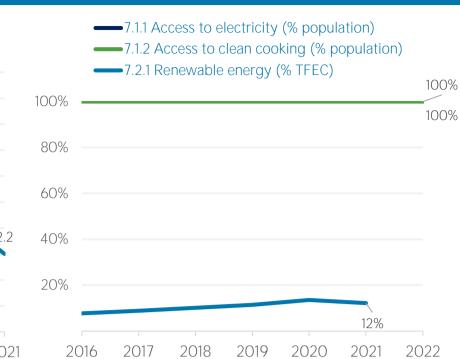
# United Kingdom

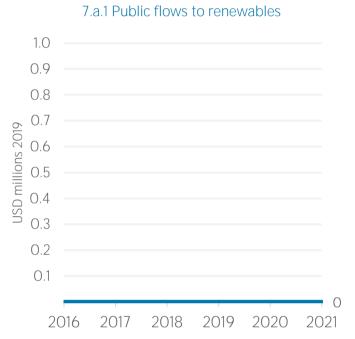


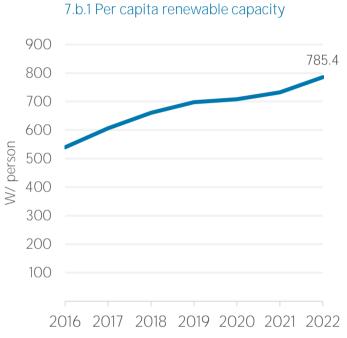
## **COUNTRY INDICATORS AND SDGS**

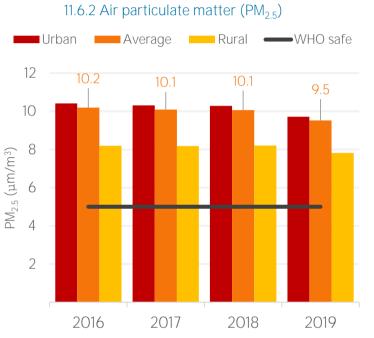












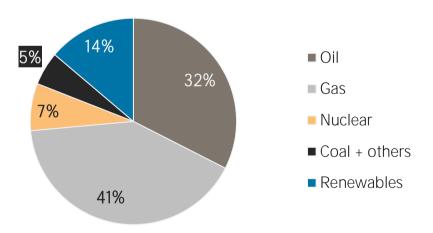
## TOTAL ENERGY SUPPLY (TES)

Total Energy Supply (TES)	2016	2021
Non-renewable (TJ)	6 834 447	5 781 497
Renewable (TJ)	712 105	925 666
Total (TJ)	7 546 552	6 707 162
Renewable share (%)	9	14

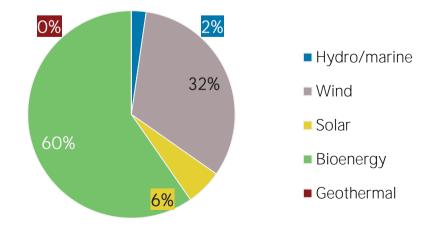
-15.4	+4.5
+30.0	+7.6
-11.1	+4.9
	+30.0

Primary energy trade	2016	2021
Imports (TJ)	5 830 904	5 163 980
Exports (TJ)	2 962 994	2 588 781
Net trade (TJ)	-2 867 910	-2 575 199
Imports (% of supply)	77	77
Exports (% of production)	58	61
Energy self-sufficiency (%)	67	63

### Total energy supply in 2021

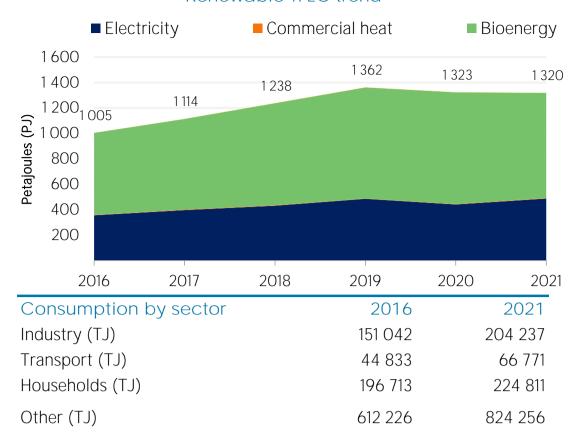


# Renewable energy supply in 2021

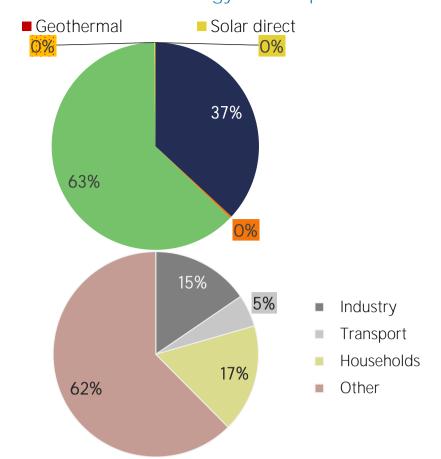


# RENEWABLE ENERGY CONSUMPTION (TFEC)

#### Renewable TFEC trend

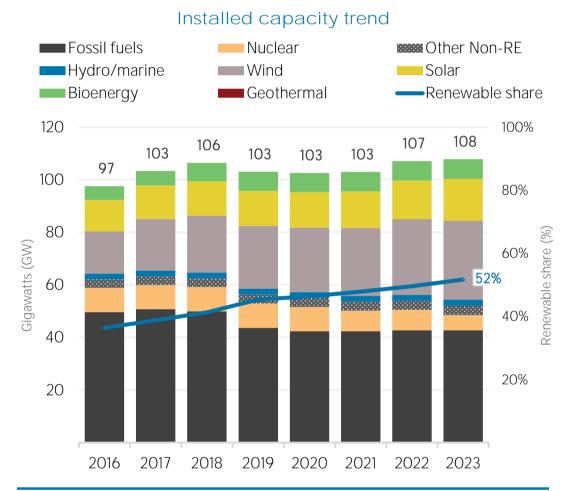


#### Renewable energy consumption in 2021

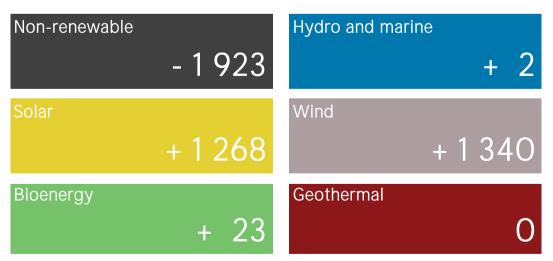


#### **ELECTRICITY CAPACITY**

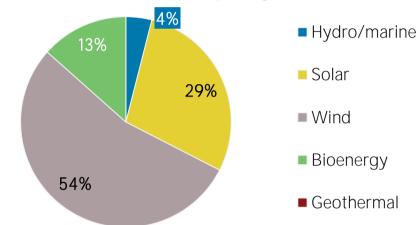
#### ELECTRICITY CAPACIT



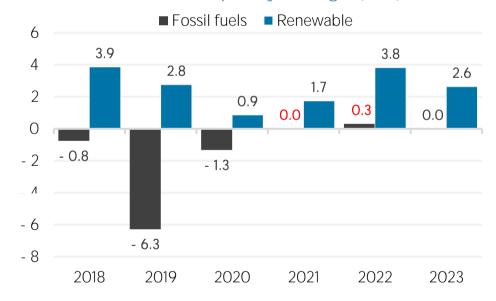




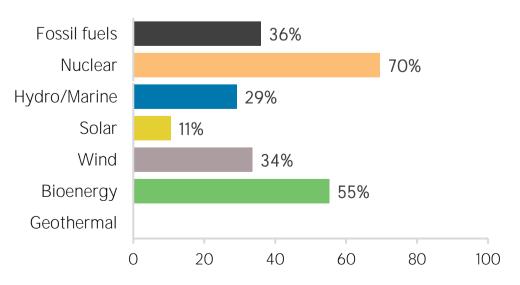
# Renewable capacity in 2023



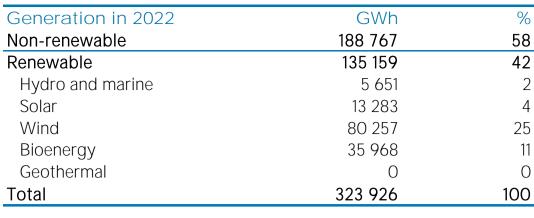
### Net capacity change (GW)

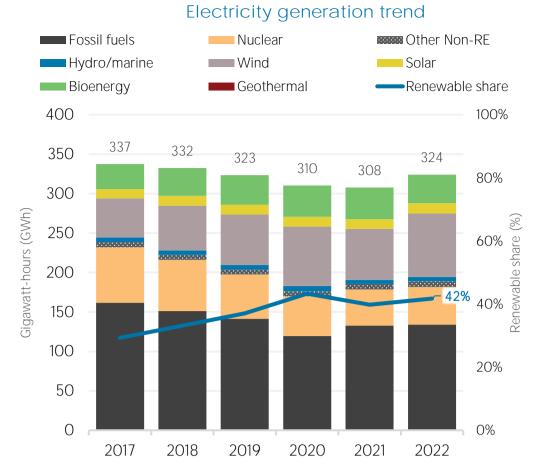


## Capacity utilisation in 2022 (%)



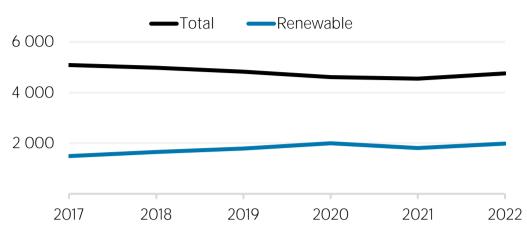
# **ELECTRICITY GENERATION**





2023

### Per capita electricity generation (kWh)



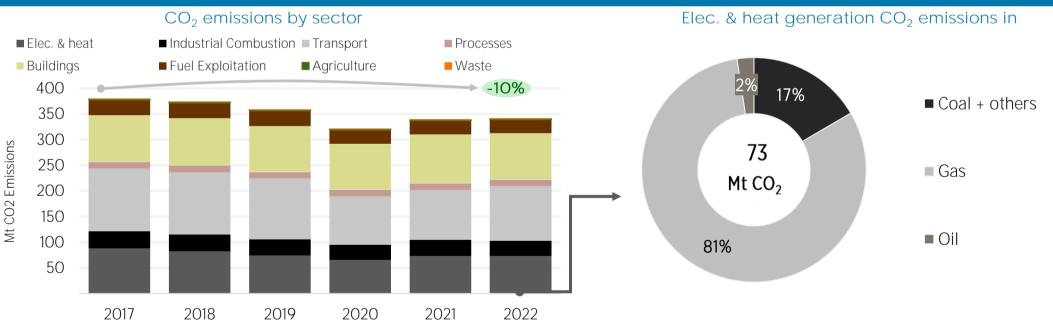
Avoided emissions based on tossil tuel mix used tor power

# LATEST POLICIES, PROGRAMMES AND LEGISLATION

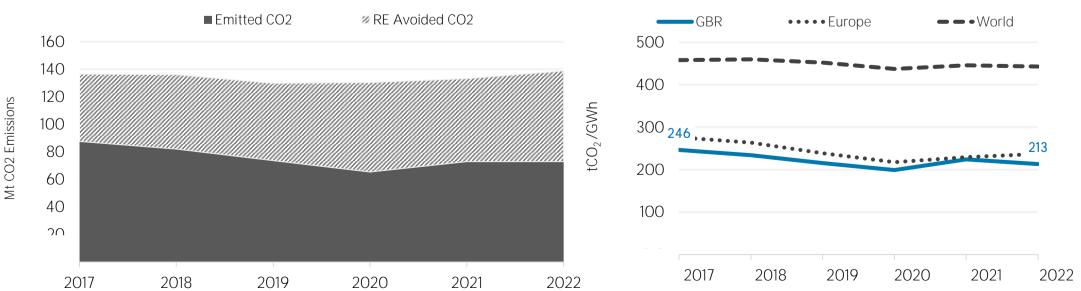
1 2023 Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund and Home Upgrade Grant allocations	2023
2 Circular Critical Materials Supply Chains (CLIMATES) Programme	2023
3 Critical Minerals Refresh	2023
4 Household Support Fund - 4th extension	2023

#### **ENERGY AND EMISSIONS**

5 Joint Statement of Intent between Australia and the United Kingdom on collaboration on critical minerals







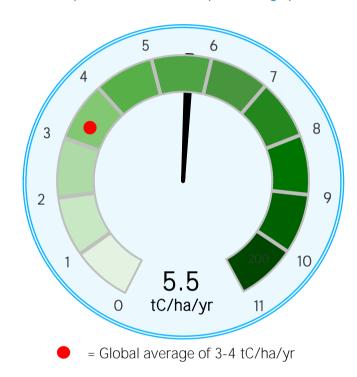
Calculated by dividing power sector emissions by elec. + heat gen.

#### RENEWABLE RESOURCE POTENTIAL

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### Biomass potential: net primary production



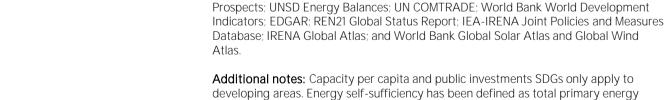
### Indicators of renewable resource potential

Wind power density at 100m height (W/m<sup>2</sup>)

**Solar PV:** Solar resource potential has been divided into seven classes, each representing a range of annual PV output per unit of capacity (kWh/kWp/yr). The bar chart shows the proportion of a country's land area in each of these classes and the global distribution of land area across the classes (for comparison).

Onshore wind: Potential wind power density (W/m²) is shown in the seven classes used by NREL, measured at a height of 100m. The bar chart shows the distribution of the country's land area in each of these classes compared to the global distribution of wind resources. Areas in the third class or above are considered to be a good wind resource.

**Biomass:** Net primary production (NPP) is the amount of carbon fixed by plants and accumulated as biomass each year. It is a basic measure of biomass productivity. The chart shows the average NPP in the country (tC/ha/yr), compared to the global average NPP of 3-4 tonnes of carbon



Additional notes: Capacity per capita and public investments SDGs only apply to developing areas. Energy self-sufficiency has been defined as total primary energy production divided by total primary energy supply. Energy trade includes all commodities in Chapter 27 of the Harmonised System (HS). Capacity utilisation is calculated as annual generation divided by year-end capacity x 8,760h/year. Avoided emissions from renewable power is calculated as renewable generation divided by fossil fuel generation multiplied by reported emissions from the power sector. This assumes that, if renewable power did not exist, fossil fuels would be used in its place to generate the same amount of power and using the same mix of fossil fuels. In countries and years where no fossil fuel generation occurs, an average fossil fuel emission factor has been used to calculate the avoided emissions.

**Sources:** IRENA statistics, plus data from the following sources: UN SDG Database (original sources: WHO; World Bank; IEA; IRENA; and UNSD); UN World Population

These profiles have been produced to provide an overview of developments in renewable energy in different countries and areas. The IRENA statistics team would welcome comments and feedback on its structure and content, which can be sent to <a href="mailto:statistics@irena.org">statistics@irena.org</a>.

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