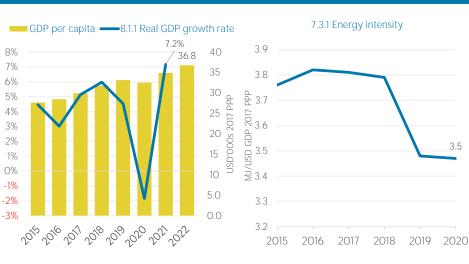
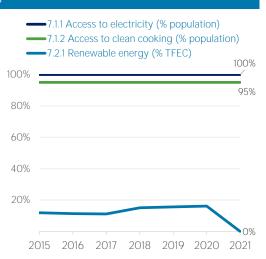
Poland

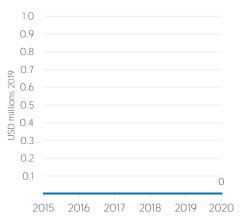
COUNTRY INDICATORS AND SDGS

3.5

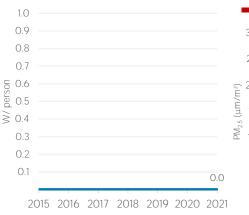




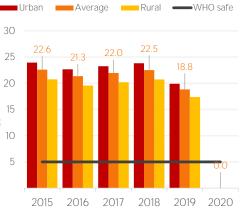
7.a.1 Public flows to renewables





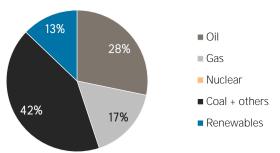




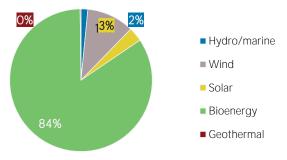


TOTAL ENERGY SUPPLY (TES)

Total energy supply in 2020



Renewable energy supply in 2020



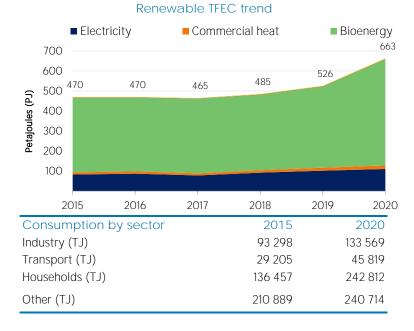
	0015	
Total Energy Supply (TES)	2015	2020
Non-renewable (TJ)	3 626 944	3 741 900
Renewable (TJ)	383 271	552 573
Total (TJ)	4 010 215	4 294 474
Renewable share (%)	10	13
Growth in TES	2015-20	2019-20
Non-renewable (%)	+3.2	-4.3
Renewable (%)	+44.2	+30.7
Total (%)	+7.1	-0.9

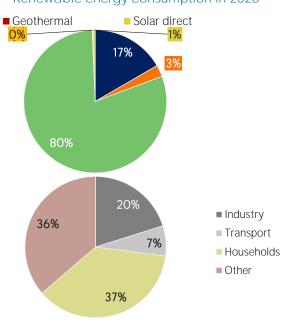
Primary energy trade	2015	2020
Imports (TJ)	2 085 455	2 453 453
Exports (TJ)	856 536	595 528
Net trade (TJ)	-1 228 919	-1 857 925
Imports (% of supply)	52	57
Exports (% of production)	30	24
Energy self-sufficiency (%)	71	57



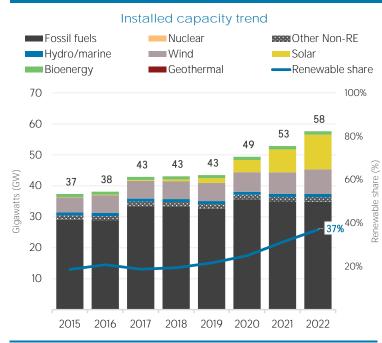
RENEWABLE ENERGY CONSUMPTION (TFEC)

Renewable energy consumption in 2020





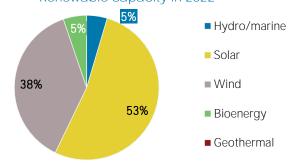
ELECTRICITY CAPACITY



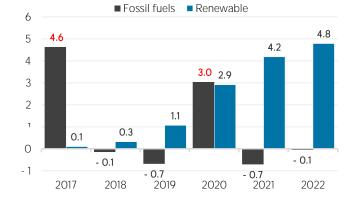
Net capacity change in 2022 (MW)

Non-renewable	- 33	Hydro and marine + 3
Solar	+ 3 751	Wind + 1 020
Bioenergy	+ 11	Geothermal

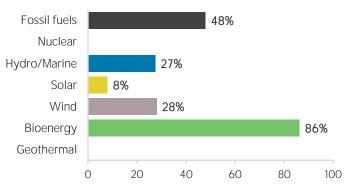
Renewable capacity in 2022



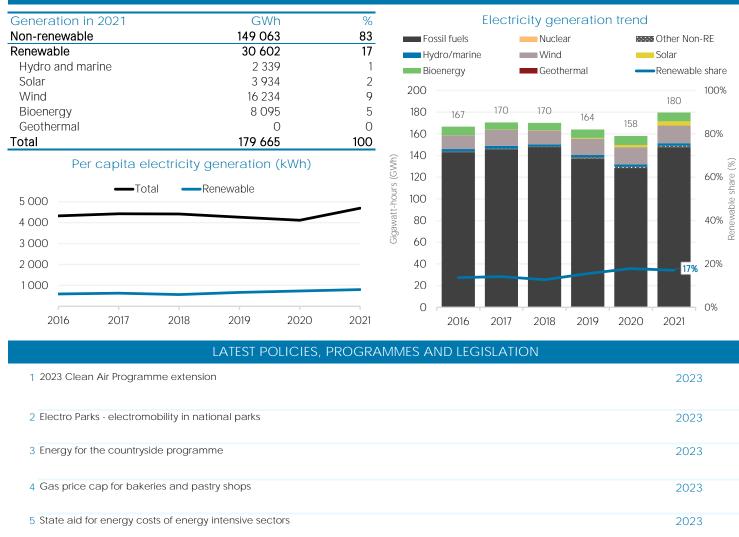
Net capacity change (GW)

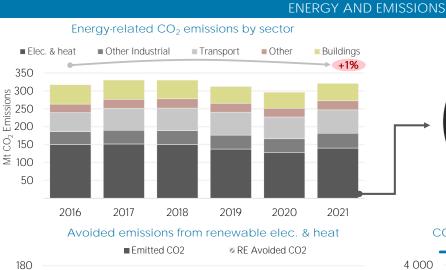


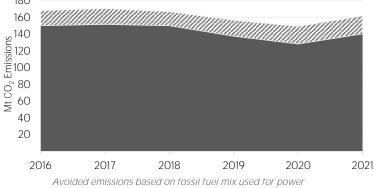
Capacity utilisation in 2021 (%)



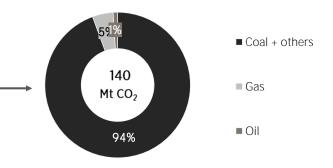
ELECTRICITY GENERATION







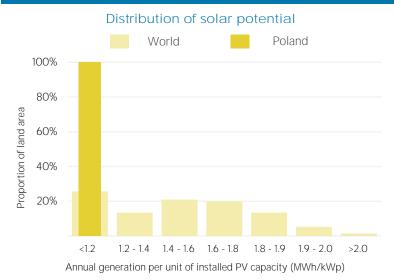
Elec. & heat generation CO₂ emissions in



CO2 emission factor for elec. & heat generation

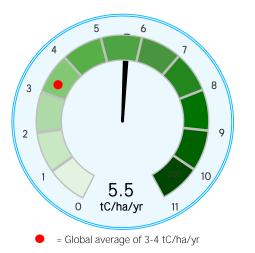


RENEWABLE RESOURCE POTENTIAL



Distribution of wind potential World Poland 100% 80% 60% 40% 20%

Biomass potential: net primary production



Indicators of renewable resource potential

Solar PV: Solar resource potential has been divided into seven classes, each representing a range of annual PV output per unit of capacity (kWh/kWp/yr). The bar chart shows the proportion of a country's land area in each of these classes and the global distribution of land area across the classes (for comparison).

Onshore wind: Potential wind power density (W/m²) is shown in the seven classes used by NREL, measured at a height of 100m. The bar chart shows the distribution of the country's land area in each of these classes compared to the global distribution of wind resources. Areas in the third class or above are considered to be a good wind resource.

Biomass: Net primary production (NPP) is the amount of carbon fixed by plants and accumulated as biomass each year. It is a basic measure of biomass productivity. The chart shows the average NPP in the country (tC/ha/yr), compared to the global average NPP of 3-4 tonnes of carbon

Sources: IRENA statistics, plus data from the following sources: UN SDG Database (original sources: WHO; World Bank; IEA; IRENA; and UNSD); UN World Population Prospects; UNSD Energy Balances: UN COMTRADE; World Bank World Development Indicators; EDGAR; REN21 Global Status Report; IEA-IRENA Joint Policies and Measures Database; IRENA Global Atlas; and World Bank Global Solar Atlas and Global Wind Atlas.

Additional notes: Capacity per capita and public investments SDGs only apply to developing areas. Energy self-sufficiency has been defined as total primary energy production divided by total primary energy supply. Energy trade includes all commodities in Chapter 27 of the Harmonised System (HS). Capacity utilisation is calculated as annual generation divided by year-end capacity x 8,760h/year. Avoided emissions from renewable power is calculated as renewable generation divided by reported emissions from the power sector. This assumes that, if renewable power did not exist, fossil fuels would be used in its place to generate the same amount of power and using the same mix of fossil fuels. In countries and years where no fossil fuel generation occurs, an average fossil fuel emission factor has been used to calculate the avoided emissions.

These profiles have been produced to provide an overview of developments in renewable energy in different countries and areas. The IRENA statistics team would welcome comments and feedback on its structure and content, which can be sent to statistics@Irena.org.

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