### Energy Profile

#### Senegal

### Country Indicators and SDGs

**Total Energy Supply (TES)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-renewable (TJ)</td>
<td>92,804</td>
<td>135,221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewable (TJ)</td>
<td>73,893</td>
<td>73,519</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total (TJ)</td>
<td>166,697</td>
<td>208,740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewable share (%)</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Growth in TES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2014-19</th>
<th>2018-19</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-renewable (%)</td>
<td>+45.7</td>
<td>-9.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewable (%)</td>
<td>-0.5</td>
<td>+8.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total (%)</td>
<td>+25.2</td>
<td>-9.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Primary energy trade**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Imports (TJ)</td>
<td>131,680</td>
<td>178,836</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exports (TJ)</td>
<td>31,166</td>
<td>28,934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net trade (TJ)</td>
<td>-100,514</td>
<td>-149,902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imports (% of supply)</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exports (% of production)</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy self-sufficiency (%)</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Total Energy Supply (TES)

#### Energy Intensity

- **7.3.1 Energy intensity**
  - 2014-2017
  - 2018-2020

#### Public Flows to Renewables

- **7.1.1 Access to electricity (% population)**
- **7.1.2 Access to clean cooking (% population)**

#### Per Capita Renewable Capacity

- **7.2.1 Renewable energy (% TFEC)**

#### Air Particulate Matter (PM$_{2.5}$)

- **11.6.2 Urban Average**
- **11.6.2 Rural Average**
- **WHO safe**

#### Real GDP Growth Rate

- **8.1.1**
- **8.1.2**

#### Renewable Energy Supply

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Public Flows to Renewables

- **7.1.1**
- **7.1.2**

#### Per Capita Renewable Capacity

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Energy Self-Sufficiency

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### GDP per capita

- **8.1.1**
- **8.1.2**

#### Energy Intensity

- **7.3.1**
- **7.3.2**

#### Per Capita Renewable Capacity

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Renewable Energy Supply

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Energy Self-Sufficiency

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

### Renewable energy supply in 2019

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Energy Intensity

- **7.3.1**
- **7.3.2**

#### Per Capita Renewable Capacity

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Renewable Energy Supply

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Energy Self-Sufficiency

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

### Total energy supply in 2019

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Energy Intensity

- **7.3.1**
- **7.3.2**

#### Per Capita Renewable Capacity

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Renewable Energy Supply

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Energy Self-Sufficiency

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

### Renewable energy supply in 2019

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Energy Intensity

- **7.3.1**
- **7.3.2**

#### Per Capita Renewable Capacity

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Renewable Energy Supply

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**

#### Energy Self-Sufficiency

- **7.2.1**
- **7.2.2**
Consumption by sector:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Industry (TJ)</td>
<td>1,561</td>
<td>4,694</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport (TJ)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Households (TJ)</td>
<td>48,183</td>
<td>38,825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (TJ)</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>328</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Non-renewable: 969, 70
Renewable: 421, 30
Hydro/marine: 0, 0
Solar: 238, 17
Wind: 159, 11
Bioenergy: 25, 2
Geothermal: 0, 0

Total: 1,390, 100

Capacity change (%):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>2016-21</th>
<th>2020-21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-renewable</td>
<td>+ 38</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewable</td>
<td>+ 529</td>
<td>+ 18.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydro/marine</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solar</td>
<td>+ 465</td>
<td>+ 38.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wind</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bioenergy</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geothermal</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>+ 80</td>
<td>+ 5.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Installed capacity trend:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Fossil fuels</th>
<th>Nuclear</th>
<th>Hydro/marine</th>
<th>Wind</th>
<th>Solar</th>
<th>Bioenergy</th>
<th>Other Non-RE</th>
<th>Renewable share (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Renewable energy consumption in 2019:

- Geothermal: 97%
- Solar direct: 5%
- Industry: n.a.
- Transport: 89%
- Households: 89%
- Other: 11%

Net capacity change (GW):

- Fossil fuels: 0.1
- Renewable: 0.3

Capacity utilisation in 2020 (%):

- Fossil fuels: 44%
- Nuclear: 39%
- Hydro/Marine: 50%
- Solar: 50%
- Wind: 50%
- Bioenergy: 50%
- Geothermal: 50%

Electricity capacity trend:

- Renewable share: 56%
- Hydro/marine: 38%
- Solar: 6%
- Wind: 0%
- Bioenergy: 0%
- Geothermal: 0%

Renewable capacity in 2021:

- Hydro/marine: 38%
- Solar: 6%
- Wind: 0%
- Bioenergy: 0%
- Geothermal: 0%
**ELECTRICITY GENERATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Generation in 2020</th>
<th>GWh</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-renewable</td>
<td>3 734</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewable</td>
<td>401</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydro and marine</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solar</td>
<td>291</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wind</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bioenergy</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geothermal</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>4 135</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Per capita electricity generation (kWh)**

![Graph showing per capita electricity generation over the years]

**Electricity generation trend**

![Bar chart showing electricity generation across different sources]

**ENERGY AND EMISSIONS**

**Energy-related CO₂ emissions by sector**

- Electric & heat
- Other Industrial
- Transport
- Other
- Buildings

![Bar chart showing CO₂ emissions by sector]

**Avoided emissions from renewable elec. & heat**

- Emitted CO₂
- RE Avoided CO₂

![Graph showing avoided emissions over the years]

**CO₂ emission factor for elec. & heat generation**

- SEN
- ••• Africa
- •••• World

![Graph showing CO₂ emission factors]

**AVOIDED EMISSIONS BASED ON FOSSIL FUEL MIX USED FOR POWER**

- Coal + others
- Gas
- Oil

**LATEST POLICIES, PROGRAMMES AND LEGISLATION**

3. Law concerning local content in the hydrocarbon sector, Law No. 2019-04 [2019]
**Renewable Resource Potential**

**Distribution of solar potential**

- **World**
- **Senegal**

**Distribution of wind potential**

- **World**
- **Senegal**

**Biomass potential: net primary production**

- **World**
- **Senegal**

**Indicators of renewable resource potential**

**Solar PV:** Solar resource potential has been divided into seven classes, each representing a range of annual PV output per unit of capacity (kWh/kWp/yr). The bar chart shows the proportion of a country’s land area in each of these classes and the global distribution of land area across the classes (for comparison).

**Onshore wind:** Potential wind power density (W/m²) is shown in the seven classes used by NREL, measured at a height of 100m. The bar chart shows the distribution of the country’s land area in each of these classes compared to the global distribution of wind resources. Areas in the third class or above are considered to be a good wind resource.

**Biomass:** Net primary production (NPP) is the amount of carbon fixed by plants and accumulated as biomass each year. It is a basic measure of biomass productivity. The chart shows the average NPP in the country (tC/ha/yr), compared to the global average NPP of 3-4 tonnes of carbon.

**Sources:** IRENA statistics, plus data from the following sources: UN SDG Database (original sources: WHO; World Bank; IEA; IRENA; and UNSD); UN World Population Prospects; UNSD Energy Balances; UN COMTRADE; World Bank World Development Indicators; EDGAR; REN21 Global Status Report; IEA-IRENA Joint Policies and Measures Database; IRENA Global Atlas; and World Bank Global Solar Atlas and Global Wind Atlas.

**Additional notes:** Capacity per capita and public investments SDGs only apply to developing areas. Energy self-sufficiency has been defined as total primary energy production divided by total primary energy supply. Energy trade includes all commodities in Chapter 27 of the Harmonised System (HS). Capacity utilisation is calculated as annual generation divided by year-end capacity x 8,760h/year. Avoided emissions from renewable power is calculated as renewable generation divided by fossil fuel generation multiplied by reported emissions from the power sector. This assumes that, if renewable power did not exist, fossil fuels would be used in its place to generate the same amount of power and using the same mix of fossil fuels. In countries and years where no fossil fuel generation occurs, an average fossil fuel emission factor has been used to calculate the avoided emissions.

These profiles have been produced to provide an overview of developments in renewable energy in different countries and areas. The IRENA statistics team would welcome comments and feedback on its structure and content, which can be sent to statistics@irena.org.

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