

2021 Legislators Forum

Parliamentary actions to scale up renewable investments: Renewable energy as an enabler of services

13 January 2021 • Abu Dhabi



Renewable Energy as an enabler to rebuild better after COVID-19

Rabia Ferroukhi Director, Knowledge Finance and Policy Center IRENA

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A sustainable climate and energy pathway for 2050 and 2030

Energy-related CO₂ emissions, 2010-2050 (Gt/yr) **Baseline Energy Scenario** 45 43 Gt in 2050 45% 40 Planned Energy 26% 29% 35 33 Gt in 2050 Buildings 30 Buildings Transport 52% Two-thirds 25 **District Heat** of emissions Transport reduction potential 20 Power in the 27% **District Heat** Transforming Energy 15 Scenario Industry 21% Power 10 Transforming Energy Scenario 9.5 Gt in 2050 5 Industry Renewables Energy efficiency 0 2015 2020 2030 2035 2040 2045 2025 2050 Fuel switch and others 2010

 Annual energy-related CO₂ emissions would need to decline by 70% below today's level by 2050.

 Total share of renewable energy would need to increase from around 14% of total primary energy supply in 2017 to around 65% in 2050 and 28% in 2030.

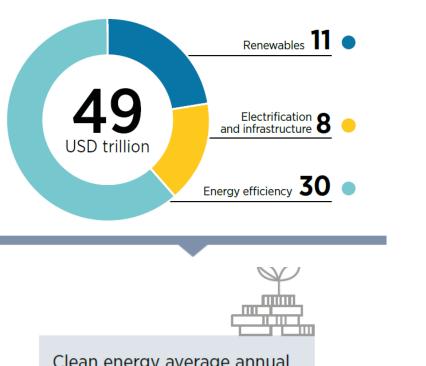


International Renewable Energy Agency

Investment needs and socio-economic gains 2020-2030

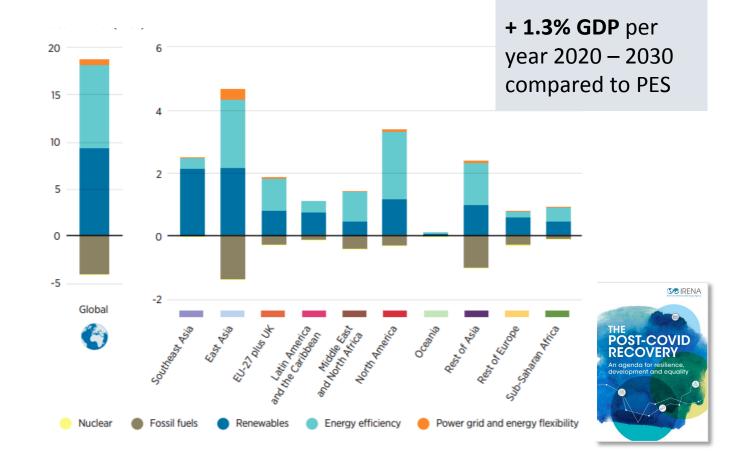
Cumulative clean energy investments between 2019-2030 in the TES (USD₂₀₁₉ trillion)

An additional 19 million energy transition-related jobs in 2030 globally



Clean energy average annual investments, 2019-2030:

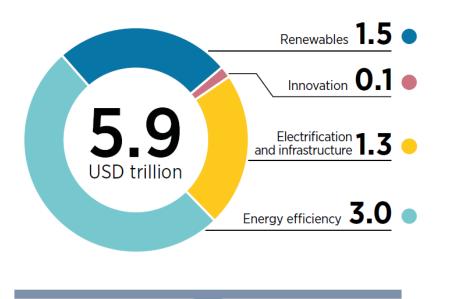
USD 4.5 trillion per year





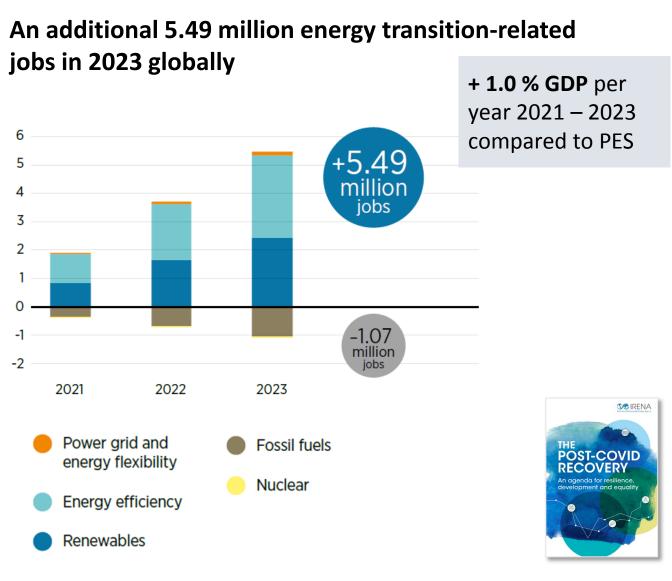
Immediate investment needs and socio-economic gains 2021-2023

Cumulative clean energy investments between 2021-2023 in the TES (USD₂₀₁₉ trillion)





Clean energy average annual investments, 2021-2023: USD 2 trillion per year



IRENA

To attract investments, there is a need for raising ambition



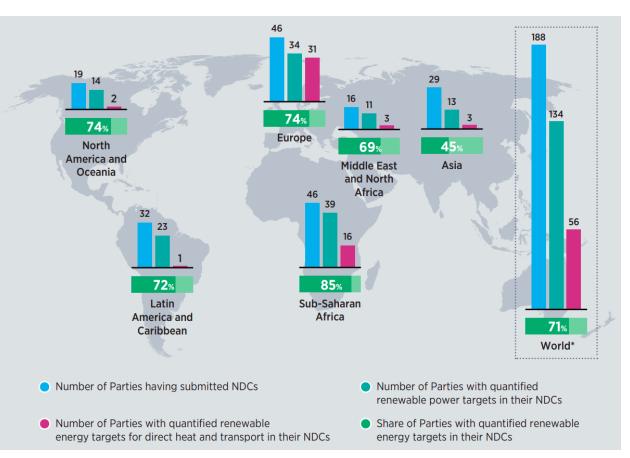
Which countries have a net zero carbon goal?

Published on 14/06/2019, 6:00pm

A growing number of governments are setting targets to end their contribution to global warming. Bookmark this page to stay up to date



Renewable energy components in current NDCs





And a need for public intervention to level the playing field

Energy sector subsidies by source excluding climate and health costs, 2017

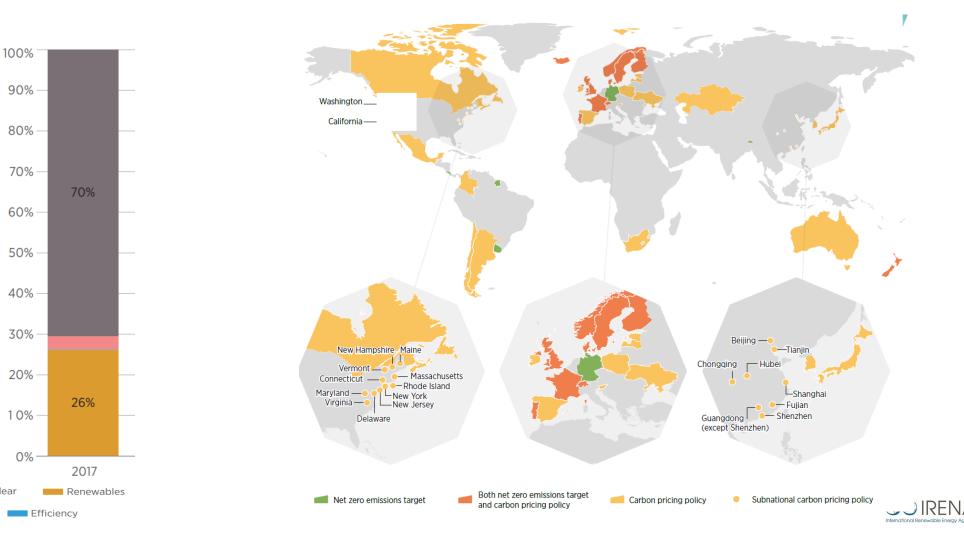
Share of subsidies

2018 USD billion

Fossil fuels

Electric vehicles

Jurisdictions with selected climate change policies, early 2020



Raising ambition and public intervention are just part of the enabling policies needed for the energy transition

AMBITION

Scale-up targets under NDCs and accelerate energy transitionrelated plans

PUBLIC INTERVENTION

Launch public investment plans, provide strategic guidance

DEPLOYMENT & INTEGRATION

Implement policies and regulations to attract investment

EMPLOYMENT & LIVELIHOODS

Create jobs, offer labour market measures, provide social protection

SKILLS & EDUCATION

Expand education and vocational training to avoid skill gaps, reskill fossil fuel workers

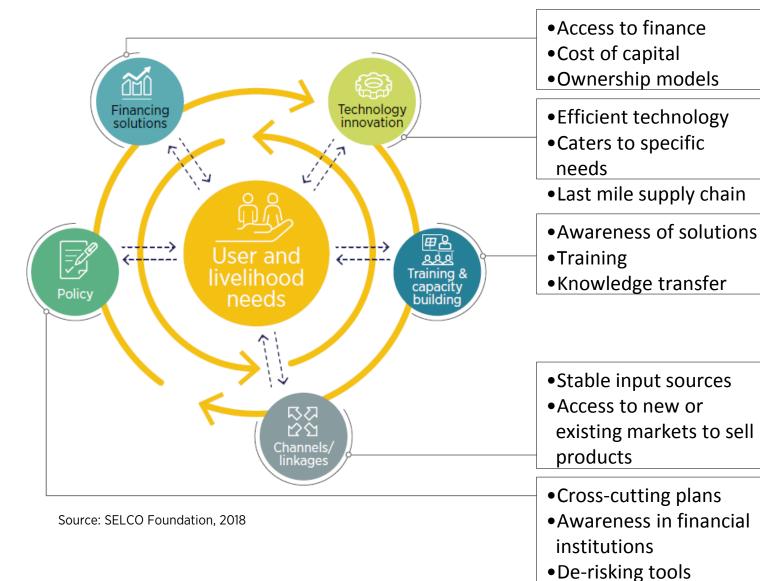
INDUSTRY

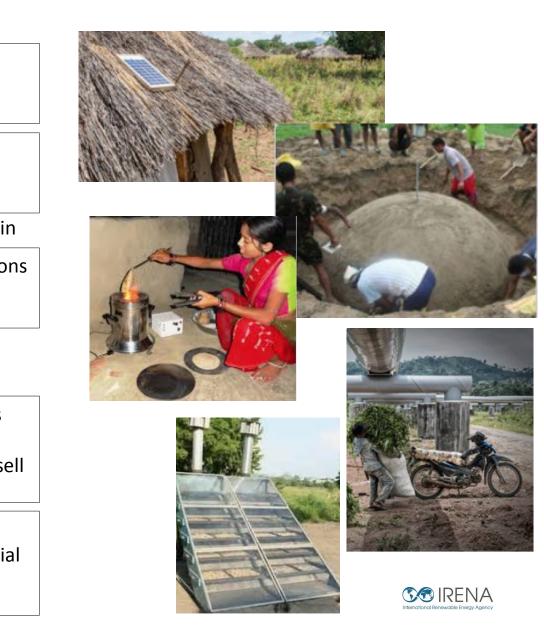
Develop local industries and supply chains for energy transition-related technologies



A specific ecosystem is needed for energy access to support livelihoods

Ecosystem needs for supporting livelihoods





The broad dimension of renewable energy policy-making

The broad dimension of renewable energy policy making





Earth

Economy

Energy system

Power system

The interlinkages between SDG7 and other SDGs











Renewable Energy as an enabler to rebuild better after COVID-19

José Donoso Chair Global Solar Council

13 January 2021 • Abu Dhabi

About the Global Solar Council





The Global Solar Council is the voice of the world's solar energy industry, a nonprofit body representing national, regional and international associations as well as leading solar sector corporations.

Our vision - Solar energy is the leading solution to the world's energy needs

Our mission - To promote the rapid adoption of solar energy globally, through market development, partnerships and education.



About the Global Solar Council





Our activities

- Developing actionable **policy recommendations** for intergovernmental organizations
- Opening new markets and growing existing markets
- Building partnerships with key intergovernmental organizations and international institutions
- Expanding local capacity
- **Promoting standards**, best practices, quality initiatives and sustainability



Global Solar Council membership



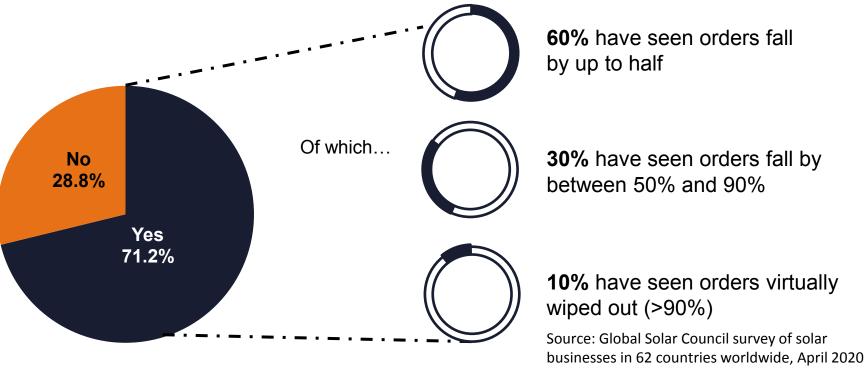




Looking back on 2020: GSC survey on the impact of Covid-19 on PV sector



In terms of sales to the **solar PV market**, have you experienced a decline in orders as a result of the health emergency since the beginning of the crisis in your country ?



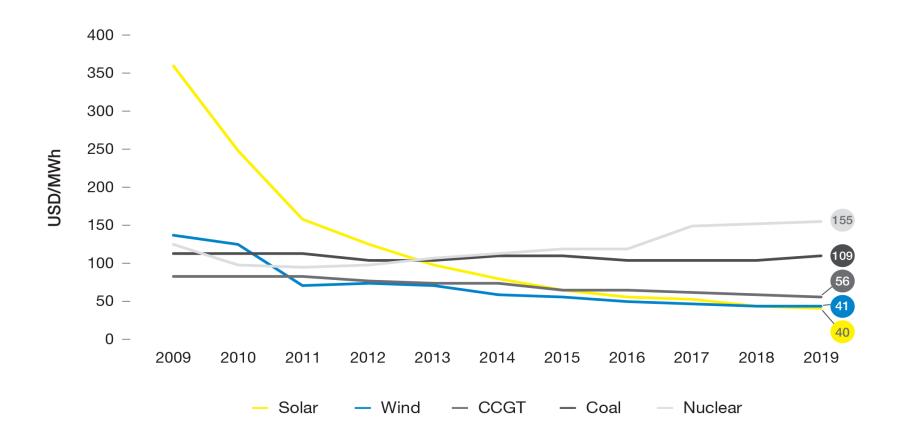
Solar businesses called for support initiatives from government/institutions to help you mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, including:

- Tax relief for solar PV installations and tax credits for companies
- Dedicated state financing or non-refundable loans/aid
- Actions to reduce bureaucracy (digitalisation), cut administrative burdens and ease financial regulations





SOLAR ELECTRICITY GENERATION COST IN COMPARISON WITH OTHER POWER SOURCES 2009-2019



Source: Lazard (2019). Historical mean unsubsidised LCOE values (nominal terms, post-tax).

GET.inves

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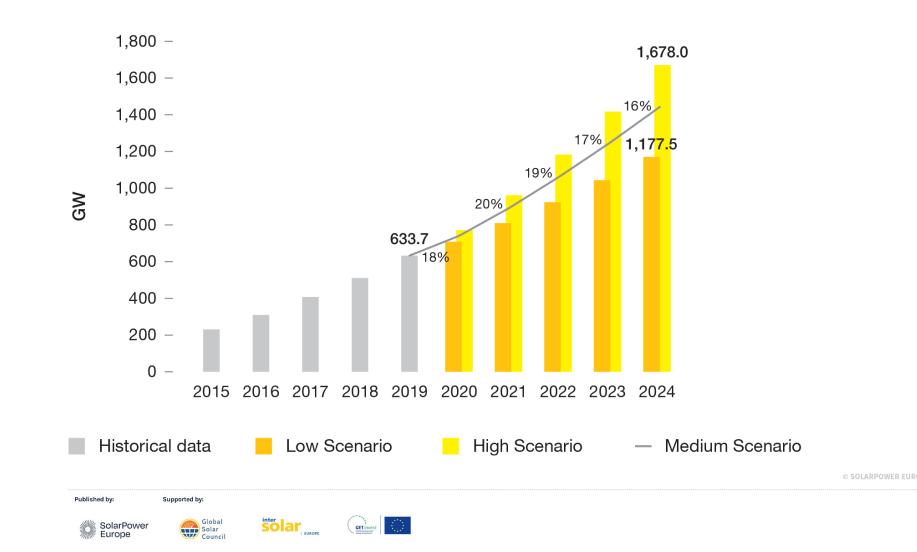
Global

Solar Council © SOLARPOWER EUROPE 202











Solar PV will lead climate action and meeting Sustainable <u>Development Goals</u>



Thanks to its ability to deliver not only our climate objectives but also bring advantages in terms of employment, health, education, gender equality and poverty alleviation, solar power is set to play a key role in unleashing an array of environmental, social and economic benefits and can accelerate our trajectory towards the **United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).** Beyond the immediate positive impact on climate and the environment, the global "ripple effect" of PV solar brings broad benefits in terms of:

- Jobs and Livelihoods
- Access to energy
- Education and decent work







Outdated legislation and regulation that **indirectly result in an incentive to the fossil fuel industry need to be urgently revised** while **carbon pricing mechanisms** need to be promoted at global level. In a levelled field, solar energy can lead the transition and reply to the world's energy needs.

As an active member of the **IRENA Coalition for Action**, the Global Solar Council has shared the Call for Action and proposes the following recommendations:

- Governments must adopt long-term strategies and plans that promote synergies with other sectors
- Actions to reduce bureaucracy (digitalisation), cut administrative burdens and ease financial regulations
- We need to redesign the energy market allowing renewables to play in a leveled field. It's time to promote carbon pricing mechanism at global level.

- We need to invest in research and development,
 innovative technologies and in their industrial policies
- Capacity building is one of the key solution for a just transition to ensure no one is left behind.
- We cannot promote sustainability without considering inclusion. Being green is a lifestyle.





