

Long-Term Energy Scenarios (LTES) for developing national energy transition plans in Asia.

Webinar series

[Renewable Energy Planning in Korea]

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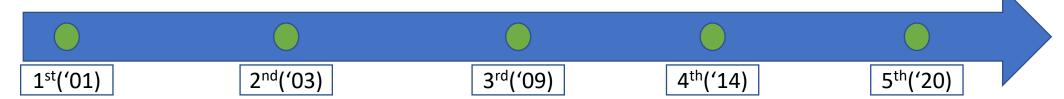
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Background

- Energy plan: New & Renewable Energy Master Plan (Master Plan)
- Legal basis:
 - New and Renewable Energy Development, Utilization and Deployment Promotion Act
- Master Plan period and planning cycle:
 - Developed and implemented every 5 years for the upcoming 10 years or more

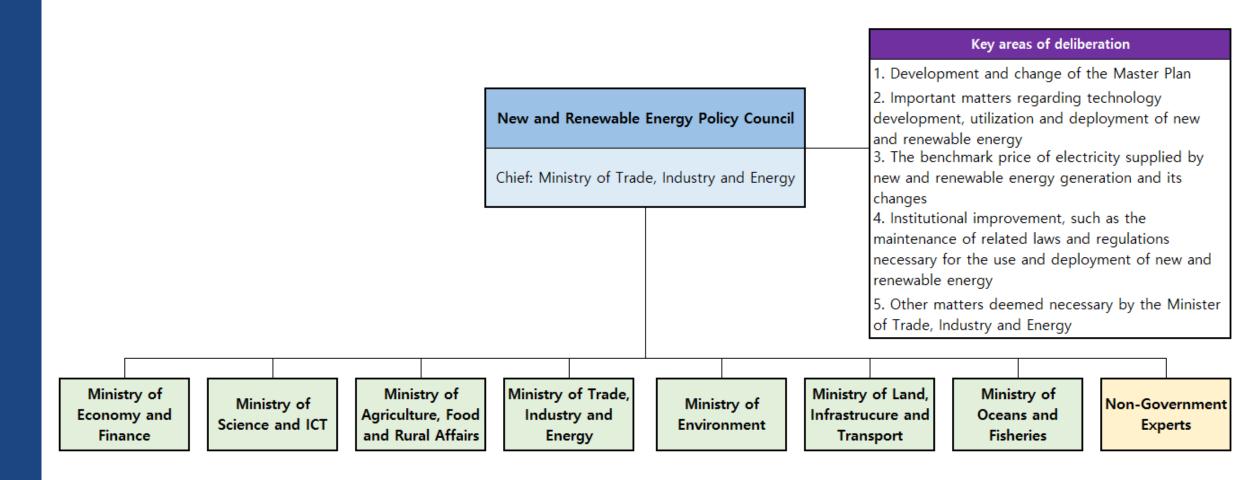


- Planning procedure:
 - 1. Initiating research to establish the Master Plan
 - 2. Organizing and operating a private working group
 - 3. Gathering of opinion and feedback
 - 4. Government proposal announcement, deliberation and confirmation
- Institution responsible for the New & Renewable Energy Master Plan
 - Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy



Development of the Master Plan

Governance Structure





Development of the Master Plan

Planning Procedure

Initiating Research to Establish the Master Plan

(Purpose)

- Setting deployment targets and conducting technology assessment
- Researching on policy and other issues

(National Energy Research Institutes)

- Korea Energy Economics Institute
- Korea Institue of Energy Research

Organizing and Operating a Prviate Working Group

(Purpose)

- Recommendations on the Master Plan, led by non-government experts



(Structure)

Consits of 4 task forces(TF)



Gathering of Opinions and Feedback

(Overview)

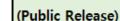
- Conducting consultations with relevant administrative agencies and gathering outside opinions on the Master Plan (Draft)
- Conducting consultation meeting/public hearing, etc



Government Proposal Annoucement, Deliberation and Confirmation

(Confirmation Process)

- Deliberation and approval by 'New and Renewable Energy Policy Council'



 Anouncement immediately after deliberation and approval by 'New and Renewable Energy Policy Council'

ex) 5th the Master Plan

n	TF Classfication	Key roles and main agendas
	General TF	- Setting a vision and goals, exploring agendas, aligning issues
	Deployment TF	- Adjustment of deployment targets by energy source and heat/transport/electricity mix
		- Exploration of new deployment policies
	Industry·Jobs TF	- Establishment of renewable energy industry goals and development strategies
		- Establishment of job creation strategies in the new and renewable energy sector
	Participation TF	- Development of citizen/corporate participation prgrams
		- Governance reform including role sharing with local governments



Development of the Master Plan

Boundary

- 1. Goals and period of the Master Plan
- 2. Goals of technology development, utilization, and deployment for each new and renewable energy source
- Goals for the proportion of new and renewable energy generation in total electricity production
- 4. Greenhouse gas emission reduction goal
- 5. Implementation methods of the Master Plan
- 6. Evaluation of new and renewable energy technology level, deployment prospects and expected effects
- 7. Support plan for new and renewable energy technology development, use and deployment
- 8. Professionals training plan in the new and renewable energy field
- 9. Evaluation of the previous Master Plan
- 10. Other matters deemed necessary by the Minister of Trade, Industry and Energy to achieve the goals of the Master Plan



Use of the Master Plan

Purpose

- Setting goals and tasks
- Maintaining consistency with other national energy plans
- Setting the target year's new and renewable energy deployment targets
- Presenting the vision, implementation strategy, and detailed implementation tasks to achieve these goals
- Presenting individual technology development goals and an integrated technology development roadmap

Communication of results

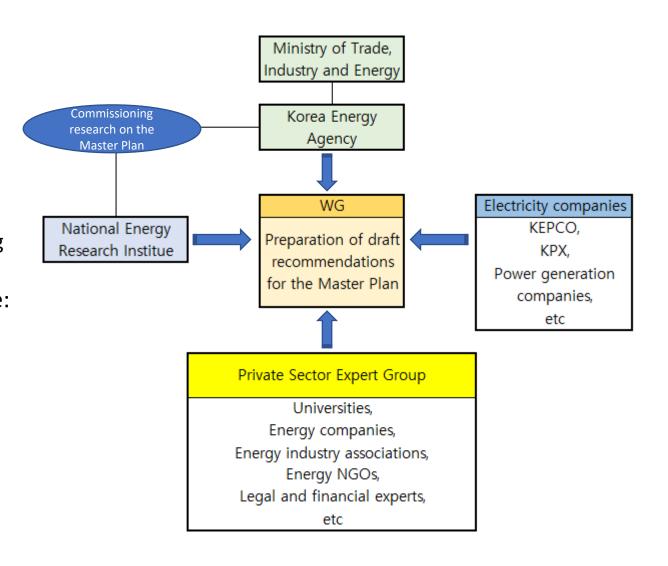
- Collecting opinions from relevant ministries
- Holding consultation meetings and public hearings for stakeholders
- Presentation and publication of the New and Renewable Energy Master Plan
- Evaluation of the implementation status of the previous Master Plan
- Modification of the Master Plan reflecting changes in market conditions and policy objectives (Not a mandatory requirement)



Master Plan Capacity Building

Planning capacity

- Enhancing the Master Plan capability through an expert working group
- Government:
 - 1. Commissioning research on the Mater Plan to a national energy research institute
 - 2. Forming a private sector-led Working Group
- National energy policy research institute:
 Korea Energy Economics Institute,
 Korea Institute of Energy Research, etc.
 - Publish numerous energy policy and technology reports
 - Analyze domestic and international trends of policies, markets, and technologies
 - 3. Operate LCOE and potential capacity estimation models





Thank you for your attention





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