

Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy



Energy Transition in Germany

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17 July 2019

Renewables have become Germany's No. 1 source of electricity



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7/29/2019 | 2

The *Energiewende* is Germany's long-term energy and climate strategy

		Achieved 2018	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050
Climate	% greenhouse gas reduction (vs. 1990)	31.7%*	40		55		70	8	0 to 95
Renewable Energy	% gross electricity consumption	36.2%	35	40 to 45	65				80
	% gross final energy consumption	16.6%	18		30		45		60
Energy Efficiency	Primary energy consumption (vs. 2008)	-11.4%	-20						-50
	Final energy productivity (vs. 2008)	1.1% p.a. (2017)			+2.1% p.	a. (2008-	2050)		
	Primary energy demand in buildings (vs. 2008)	-18.3% (2016)							-80
	Final energy consumption in transport (vs. 2005)	+6.5% (2017)	-10		-15 to -2	0			-40

*Estimate by Agora Energiewende (2019). A report by the Federal Environmental Agency is expected for March 2019.





Improved grid connections between northern and southern Germany are required to prevent shortages







Electricity sector ahead of other sectors



Flexibility options are key to making the system renewables-ready

