

GEORISK Project

Tools and methodologies to support
geothermal district heating and cooling

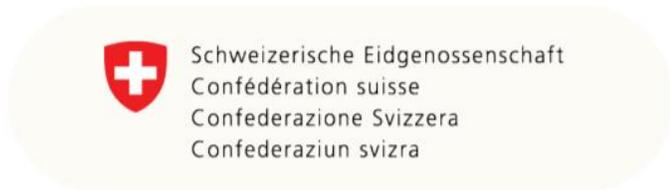
2021

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No [818232 — GEORISK]



GEORISK

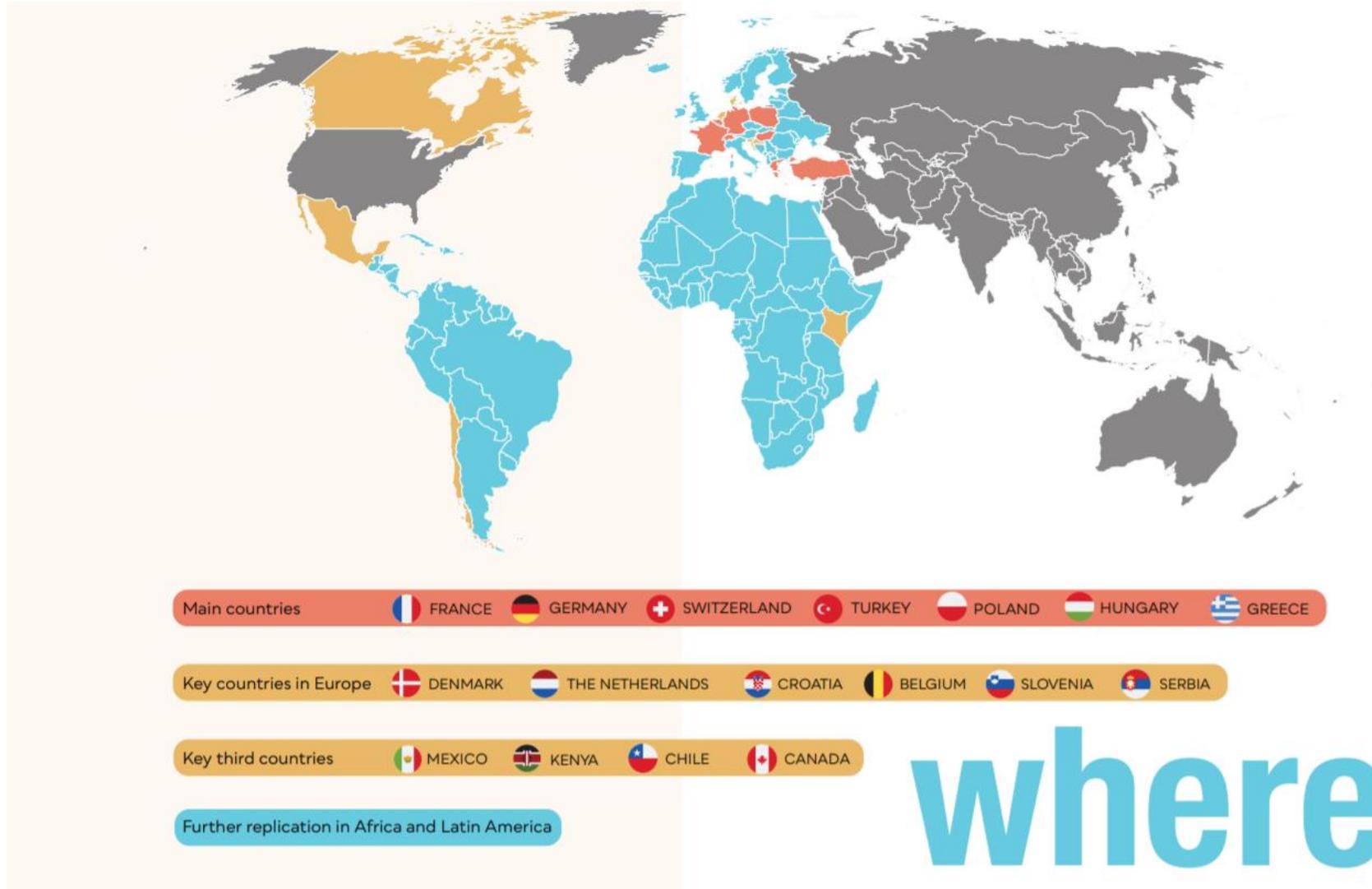
2 / Partners



partners



3 / Geographical coverage



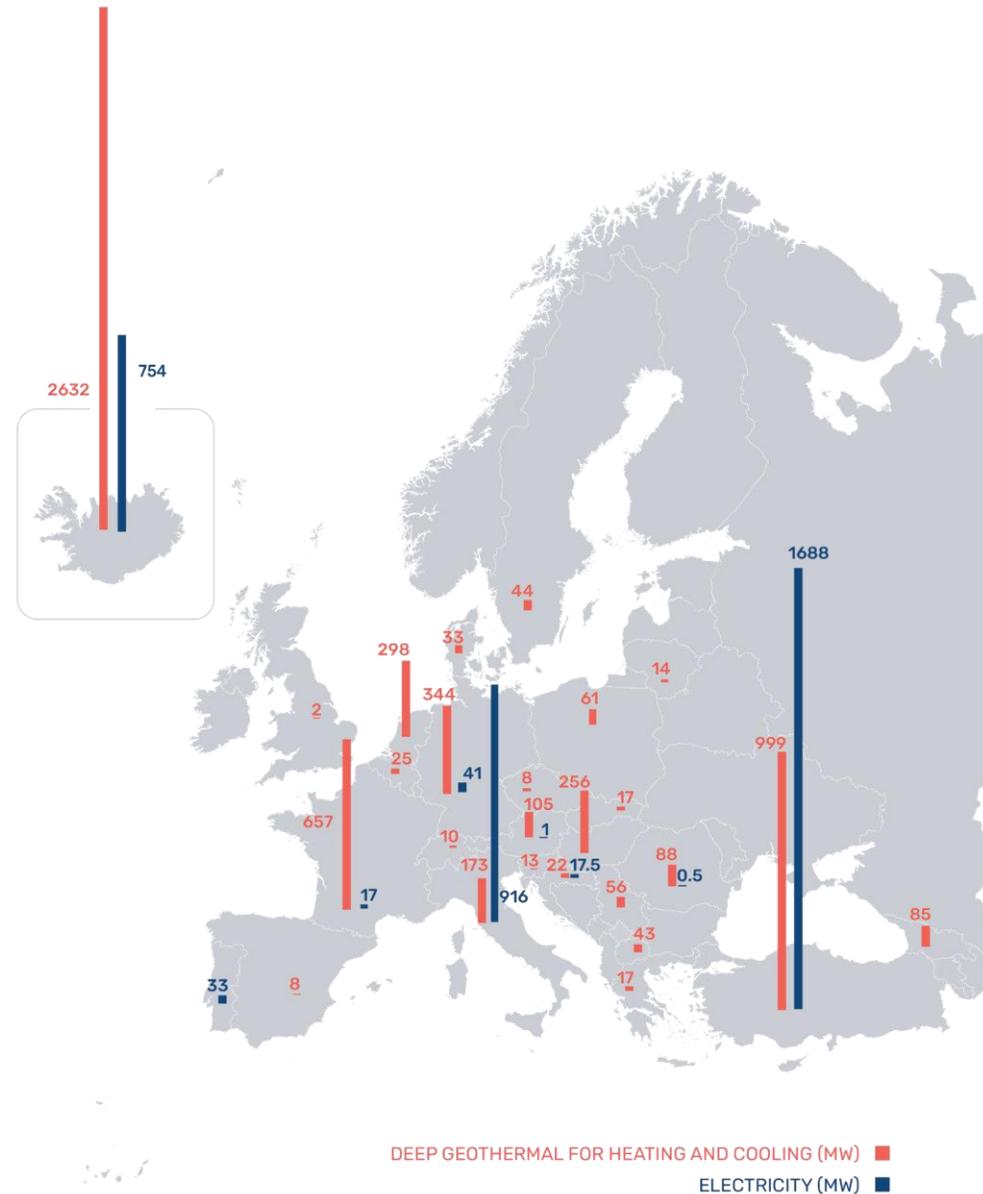
where

GEORISK

Overview

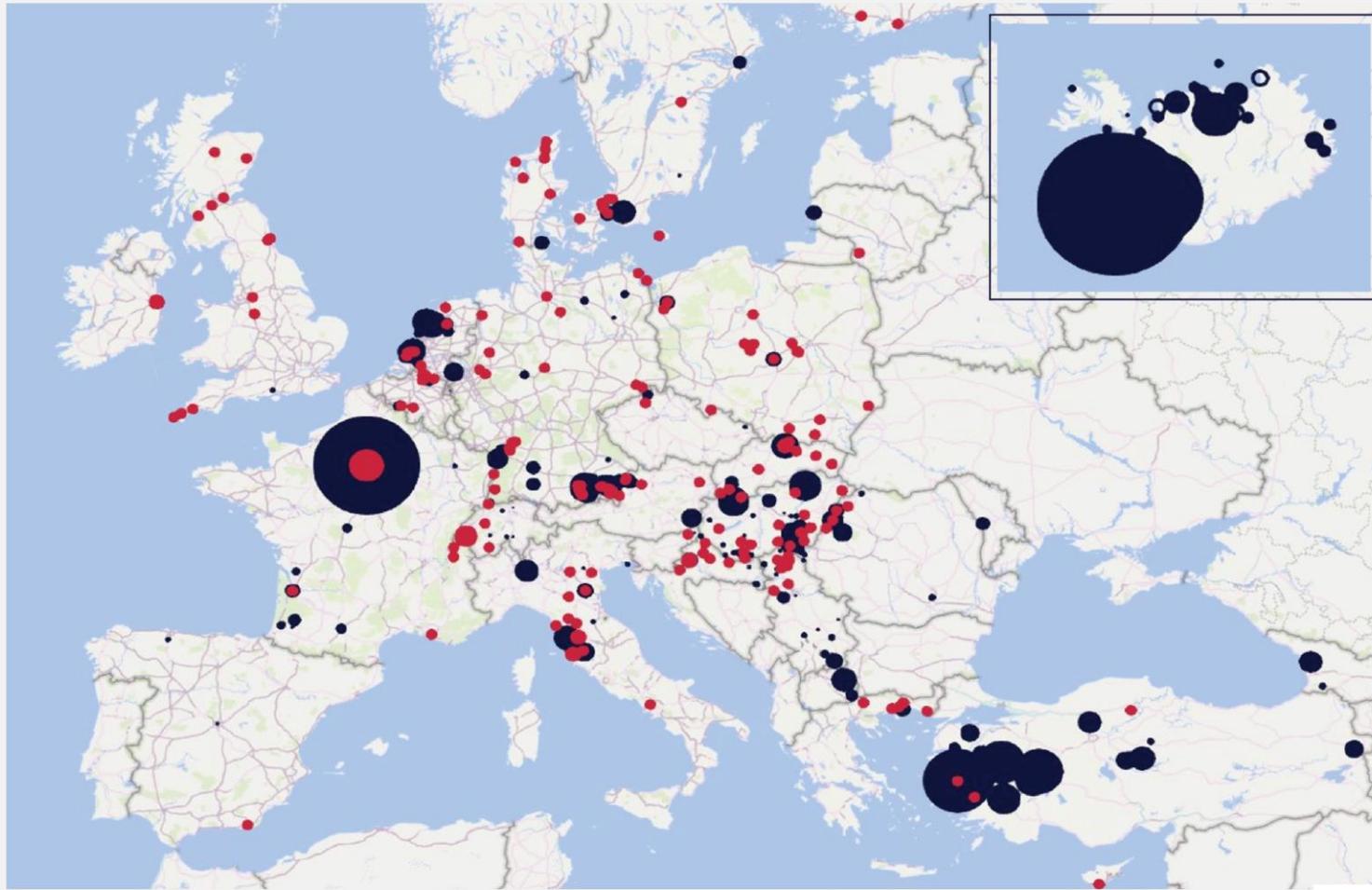
Some key figures

- 130 Geothermal electricity plant, with sustained deployment driven by the Turkish Market
- The EU passes the 2 GWth threshold for geothermal heating systems (DH,...)
- More than 2 million geothermal heat pumps in Europe at the end of 2020



DEEP GEOTHERMAL FOR HEATING AND COOLING (MW) ■
ELECTRICITY (MW) ■

Location of existing and planned geothermal district heating and cooling

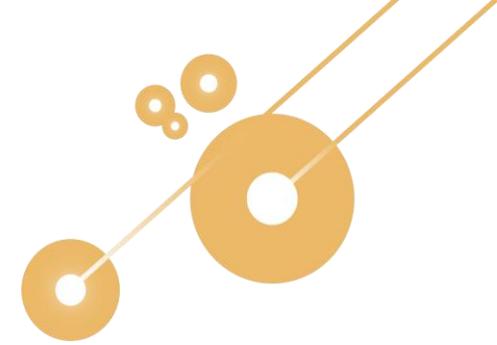


- installed geothermal district H&C capacity (MWth)
- number of geothermal district H&C projects in development

How to deliver this project for
#Geothermal decade

With de-risking schemes





RISK ASSESSMENT

1) Context and Identification of potential risks (BRGM)

Geothermal Risks register, a workshop organised in each country > Done

2) Risk Assessment (GEC-CO)

Geothermal Risk Matrix > Done

3) Tools to assess the risks (BRGM)

GEORiskREPORT: Online tool for developers > Online

The screenshot shows the GEORISK TOOL website. At the top, the logo 'GEORISK' is displayed in blue and orange. To the right, a navigation menu includes 'About the project', 'News', 'Events', 'Publications', 'Georisk Tool', 'Helpdesk', and 'Contacts'. The main content area features a large blue graphic on the left and a text block on the right that reads: 'Here is an online version of the risk register that was developed by the partners of the project. It shows the list of all plausible risks faced by developers of deep geothermal projects. Each risk is accompanied by corresponding de-risking measures. This is the starting point for developing a risk management framework adapted to the needs of a particular project by selecting the more appropriate risks from the list.' Below this text is a 'FILTERS' panel with two sections: 'Categories' and 'Phases'. The 'Categories' section includes a list of checkboxes: 'External hazards', 'Risks due to uncertainties in the external context', 'Risks due to internal deficiencies', 'Risks due to subsurface uncertainties', 'Technical issues', and 'Environment risks'. The 'Phases' section is partially visible. A white tooltip box is overlaid on the right side of the page, containing the text: 'Please select one or several categories AND one or several phases to display the corresponding risks.' At the bottom of the page, the 'GEORISK' logo is repeated in a larger, stylized font.

FILTERS

Categories

- External hazards
- Risks due to uncertainties in the external context
- Risks due to internal deficiencies
- Risks due to subsurface uncertainties
- Technical issues
- Environment risks

Phases

- Identification / Exploration
- Drilling / Testing
- Exploitation / Development
- Post-closure

For more details, click [here](#)

Category	Id	Phases				Description
		IE	DT	ED	PC	
Risks due to subsurface uncertainties	D-1		✓			Flow rate lower than expected (reservoir)
	D-2			✓		Flow rate degrades over time
	D-3		✓			Temperature lower than expected (reservoir)
	D-4			✓		Temperature degrades too quickly
	D-5		✓			Pressure lower/higher than expected
	D-6			✓		Pressure is changing during the operation in an unexpected way
	D-7		✓	✓	✓	Fluid chemistry/ gas content / physical properties are different from expected
	D-8			✓		Fluid chemistry/ gas content / physical properties change
	D-9		✓			Target formation is missing in the well
	D-10		✓			Target formation has no/insufficient fluid for commercial production
	D-11		✓			Geological lithology or stratigraphy is different than expected
	D-12		✓	✓	✓	Excessive scaling in the geothermal loop
	D-13		✓	✓	✓	Excessive corrosion in the geothermal loop
	D-14			✓		Particle production ("sanding")
	D-15			✓		Hydraulic connectivity between wells is insufficient for commercial use
	D-16		✓	✓		Re-injection of the fluid is more difficult than expected
	D-17				✓	Degradation of the reservoir (structure, properties, deteriorating whole-scale further commercial utilization)

10/



RISK MITIGATION TOOLS

- 1) Existing and innovative financial tools: public and private (GEODEEP)
comparison of the Risk Mitigation Systems > **Published**

- 2) Framework conditions for establishment a new insurance scheme (SFOE)
> **published as a Key deliverable**

- 3) Conditions for a transition in the insurance schemes, according to market maturity (GEC-CO) >
published

- 4) Helpdesk for establishing an insurance scheme (EGEC)
- For public authorities > **published**

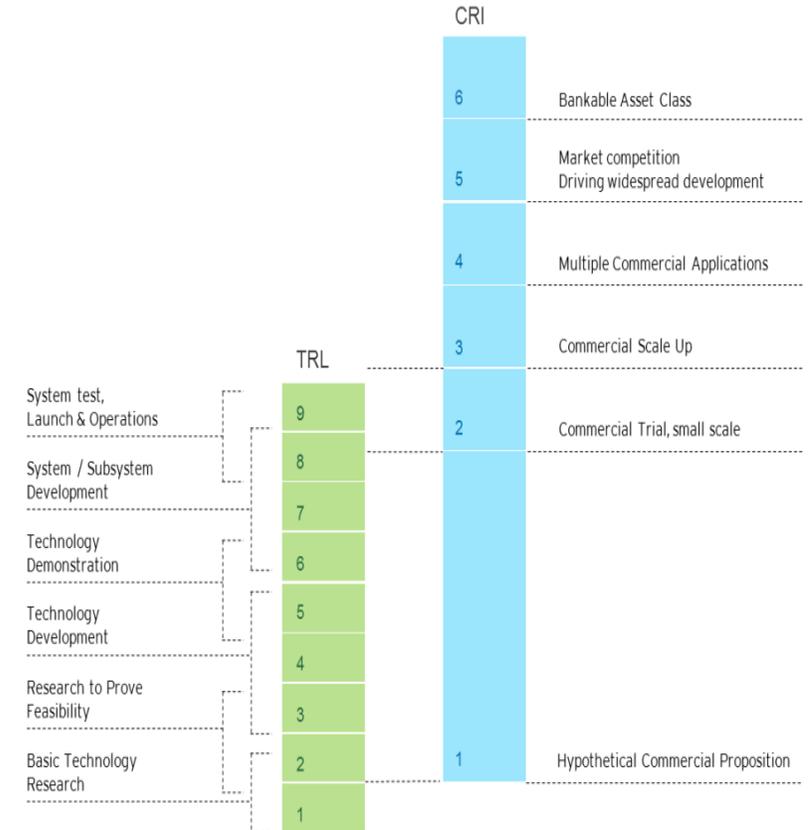
Level of risk and market maturity

Risk Mitigation Schemes

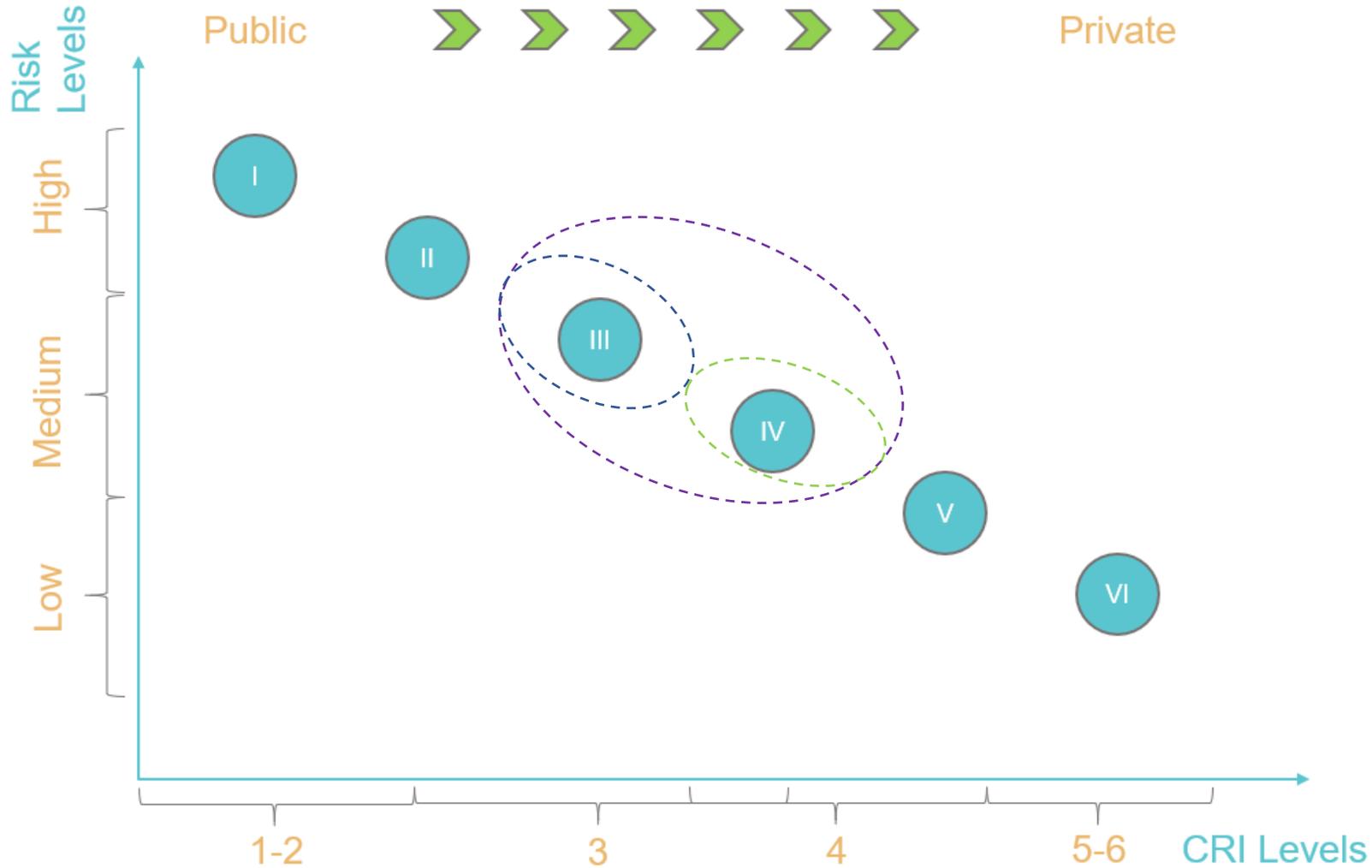
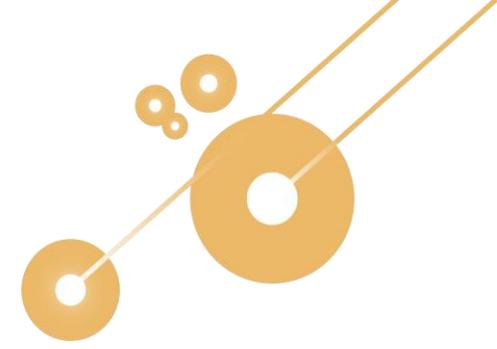
- I. Grants
- II. Repayable grants
- III. Convertible grants
- IV. Public insurance scheme
- V. Public-Private-Partnership
- VI. Private risk Insurance



Commercial readiness index

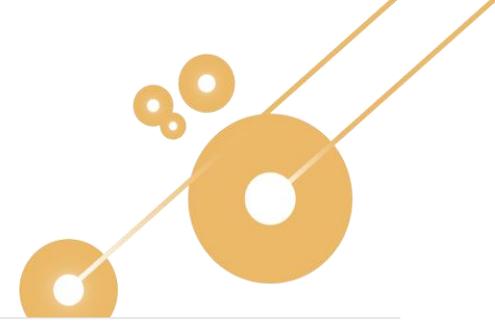


Technological readiness level



Risk Mitigation Schemes

- I. Grants
- II. Repayable grants
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- VI. Private risk Insurance



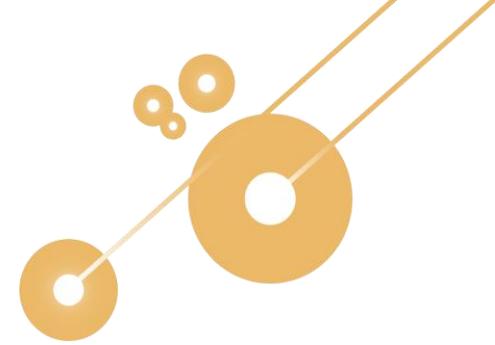
HELPDESK

KEY RESOURCES

[Framework conditions for establishing a risk mitigation scheme](#)

[Risk register](#)

14/



WP 4: ESTABLISH sustainable RISK MITIGATION SCHEMES IN TARGET COUNTRIES

Hungary-Poland-Greece

France-Germany-Switzerland-Turkey

- 1) Create relationship with decision makers (IGSMiE PAN) (10-24) > ongoing
- 2) Support establishment of insurance scheme in target countries (CRES) (months 10-20)
> ongoing
- 3) Assess its establishment, adopt corrective measures (Geoex) (months 18-24) > ongoing

A 10 years operation simulation of the financial model

GEORISK

NEW RECAST OF THE RES Directive (2021)

‘4. To achieve the average annual increase referred to in paragraph 1, first subparagraph, Member States may implement one or more of the following measures:

- (a) physical incorporation of renewable energy or waste heat and cold in the energy sources and fuels supplied for heating and cooling;
- (b) installation of highly efficient renewable heating and cooling systems in buildings, or use of renewable energy or waste heat and cold in industrial heating and cooling processes;
- (c) measures covered by tradable certificates proving compliance with the obligation laid down in paragraph 1, first subparagraph, through support to installation measures under point (b) of this paragraph, carried out by another economic operator such as an independent renewable technology installer or an energy service company providing renewable installation services;
- (d) capacity building for national and local authorities to plan and implement renewable projects and infrastructures;
- (e) creation of risk mitigation frameworks to reduce the cost of capital for renewable heat and cooling projects;
- (f) promotion of heat purchase agreements for corporate and collective small consumers;
- (g) planned replacement schemes of fossil heating systems or fossil phase-out schemes with milestones;
- (h) renewable heat planning, encompassing cooling, requirements at local and regional level;
- (i) other policy measures, with an equivalent effect, including fiscal measures, support schemes or other financial incentives.

GeoRisk Project, Premises**Premises****Suppositions**

Insurance premium, % of the contracted cost

Risk cover, % of the contracted cost

Estimated success rate, % successful/unsuccessful cases

Costs

Total overhead costs, thousand €/year

Expert cost, thousand €/year

Risk covered (payment), thousand €/year

Project insured cost, thousand €/year

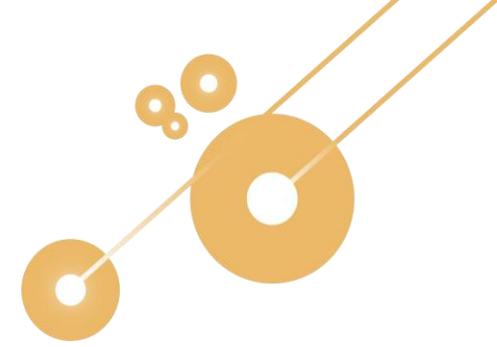
Insured cost of one average project, thousand €/year

Risk cover of one average project, thousand €/year

Insurance premium of one average project, thousand €/year

Scheme launching amount, thousand €

Sheet No.	Title	Objective
		Objective of the whole symulation: Calculating of the 10years cash-flow of the RMS, with estimating realistic projects, scheme operation and costs. Proving that the scheme is sustainable.
1	Table of contents	
2	Premises	Collecting of realistic premises of the Scheme.
3	Operating chart	Illustrate the Risk Mitigation Scheme
4	Description of the Projects	Presentation of the Projects included into the Scheme.
5	10 years operating description	Description of the events of the projects as well as of the cash flow in every quarter
6	10 years cash-flow	Table and graphs of the cash-flow of the Scheme in the following 10 years.



A 10 years operation simulation of the financial model

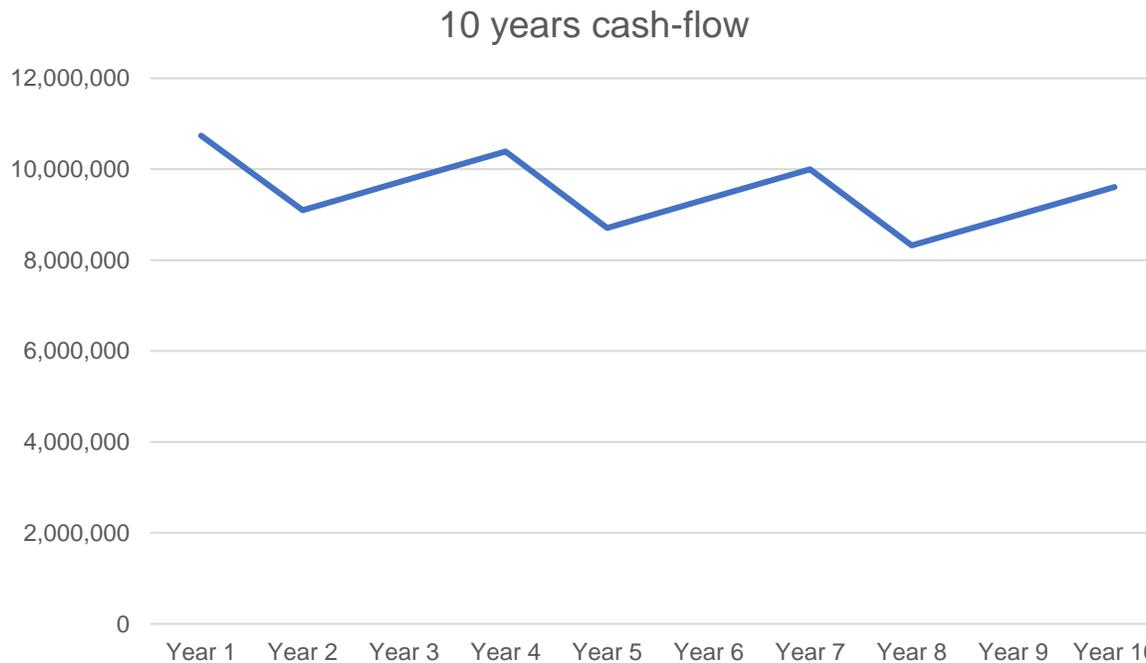
Operating simulation: analyses and further calculations in the three focus countries

Ten years operating symulation of the planned Hungarian Geothermal Risk Mitigation Scheme

10 years cash-flow

BASE calculation

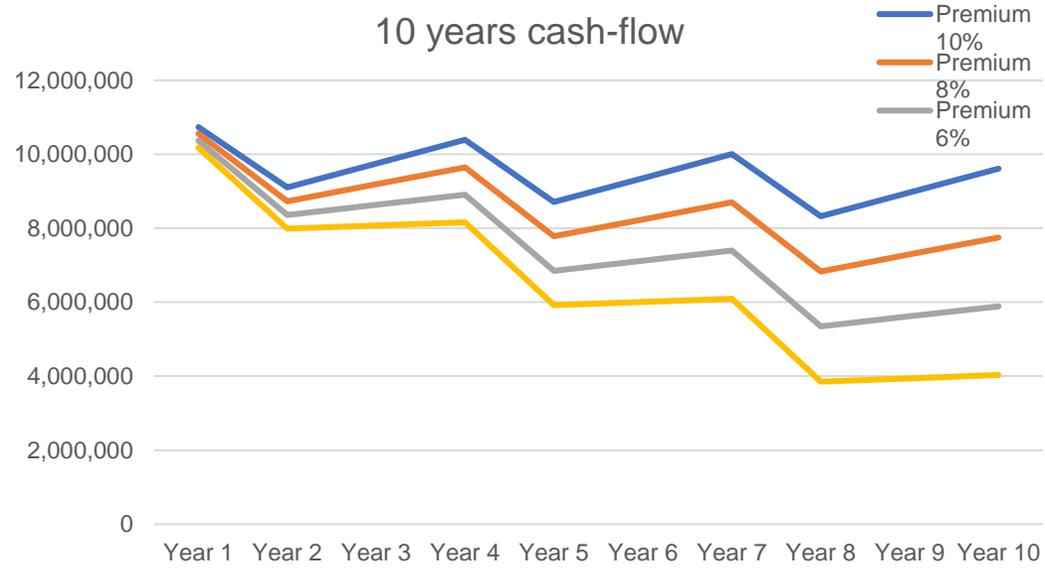
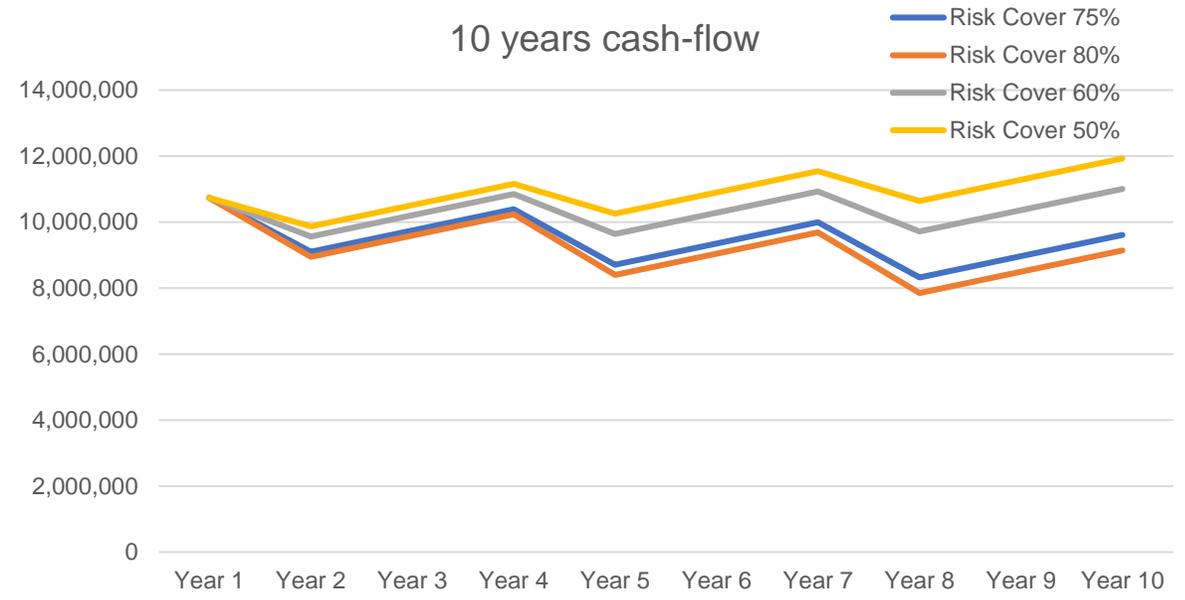
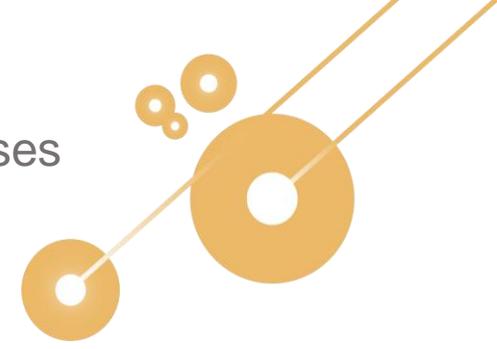
Total Assets	at the end of year, €
Year 1	10.735.000
Year 2	9.100.000
Year 3	9.745.000
Year 4	10.390.000
Year 5	8.710.000
Year 6	9.355.000
Year 7	10.000.000
Year 8	8.320.000
Year 9	8.965.000
Year 10	9.610.000

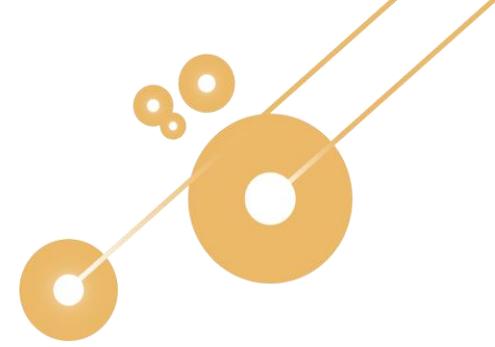


A 10 years operation simulation of the financial model

18/

Premium, Risk Cover and Success Rate analysis with the Hungarian premises



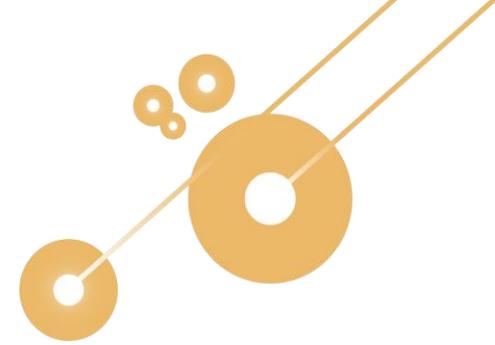


WP 5: REPLICATION AND PROMOTION IN EUROPE & GLOBALLY

- Countries to target in WP5 are
 - in Europe (Denmark, Netherlands, Belgium, Croatia, Serbia, Slovenia)
 - and outside (Chile, Kenya, Canada & Mexico).
- A regional, Pannonian Basin geo-risk insurance scheme is to be evaluated in WP5

> ongoing

201



WP 5: REPLICATION AND PROMOTION IN EUROPE & GLOBALLY

Adapt tools, set framework conditions (GEODEEP) > ongoing

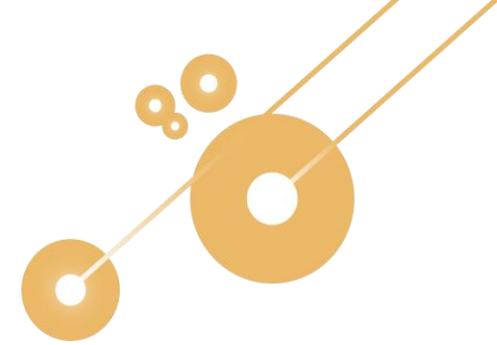
Create liaison with decision makers and international & national stakeholders, present tools (CRES)

one-to-one interviews, webinars, > ongoing

3) Capacity building (TBK)

Organise one workshop in each third countries > ongoing

21 /



WP 5: COMMUNICATION

Publications: Reports, Brochures..

Website

Media campaign

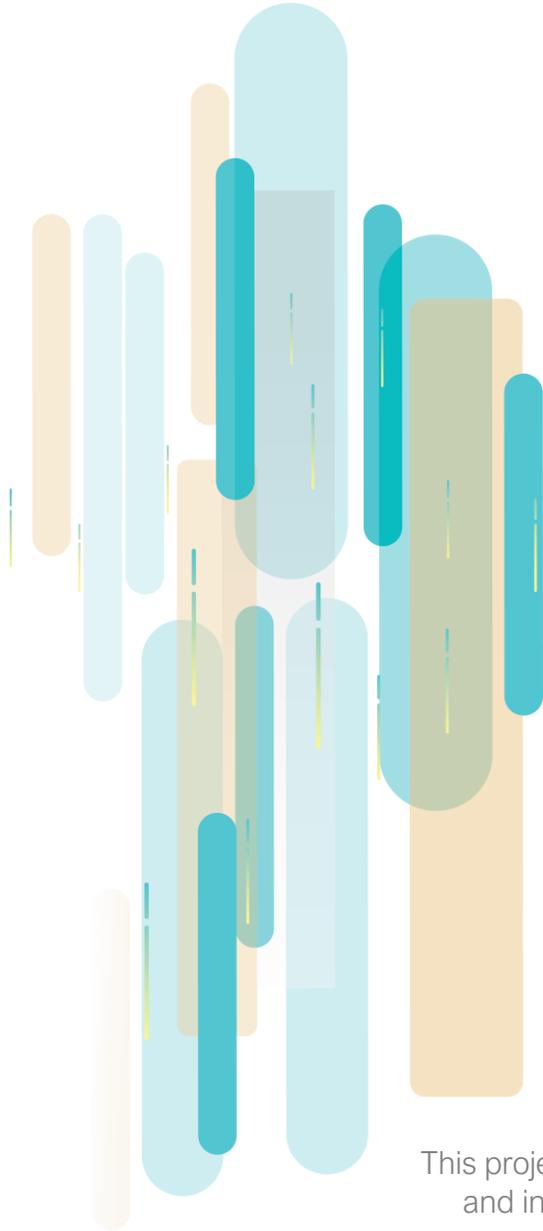
Events

GEORISK

[About the project](#) [News](#) [Events](#) [Publications](#) [Risk register](#) [Helpdesk](#) [Contacts](#)

DEVELOPING GEOTHERMAL PROJECTS BY MITIGATING RISKS WITH FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The GEORISK project works to establish risk insurance all over Europe and in some key target third countries to cover risks associated with the development and the operation of a deep geothermal plant.



GEORISK

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