

Challenges for planning Brazil's energy system

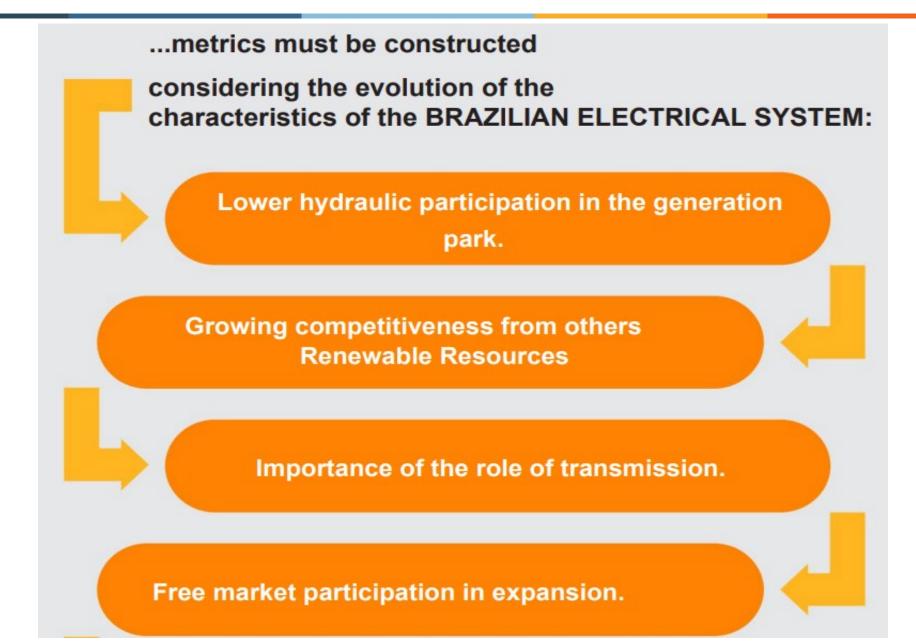
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Changing the matrix for energy production electrical





Supply Criteria









SECURITY

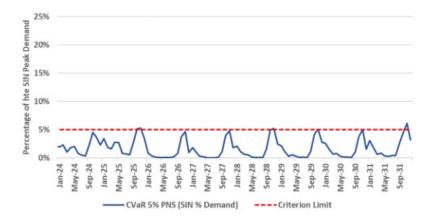


 $CVaR_{1\%}(ENS) \le 5 \text{ [\%Dem]}^{(a)}$ $CVaR_{10\%}(CMO) \le 800[R\$/MWh]^{(b)}$



 $CVaR_{5\%}(PNS) \le 5 \text{ [\%Dem]}^{(b)}$ $LOLP \le 5\% \text{ (a) (c)}$

(a) Annual basis (b) Monthly basis (c) Probability associated with 1.5% month

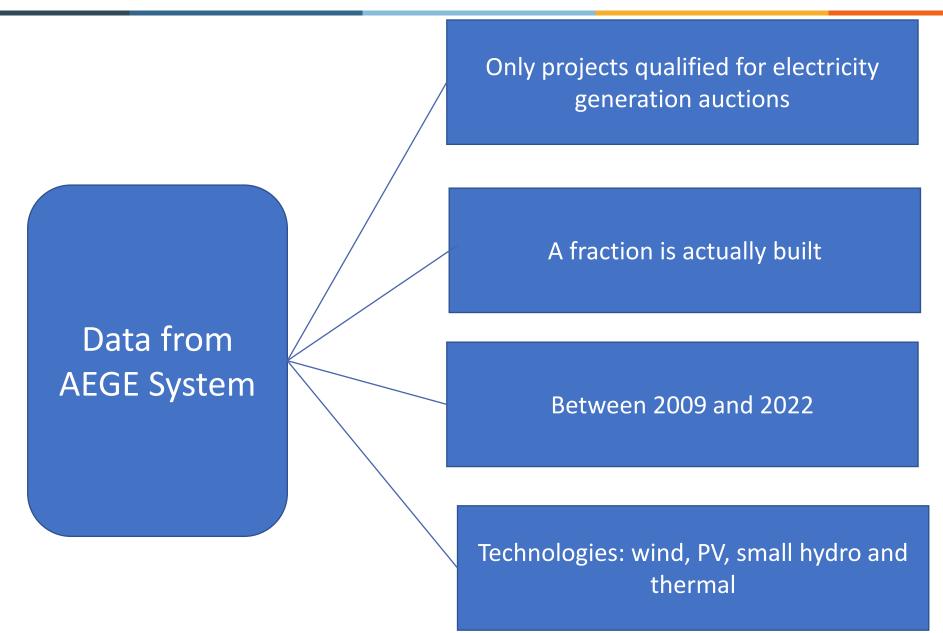


Source: Prepared by EPE.

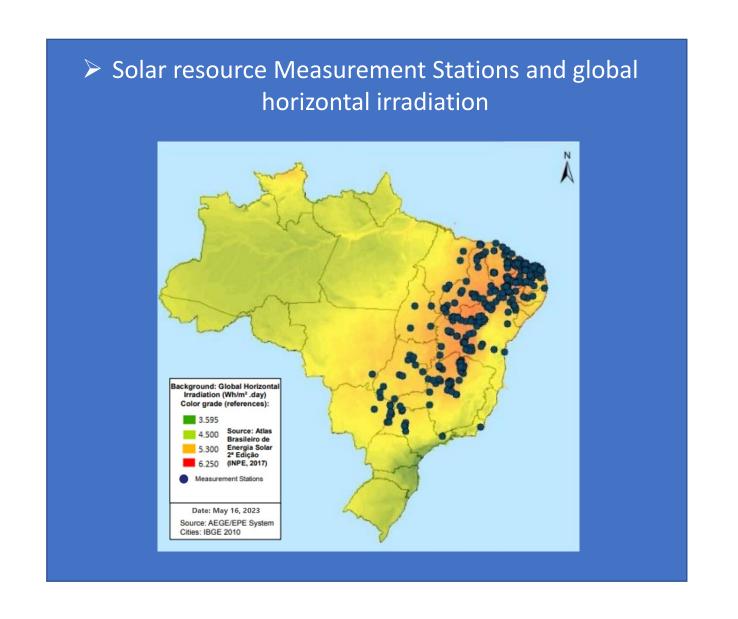
- CVaR Conditioned Value at Risk corresponds to the expected value of the ÿ% most critical possible values for the chosen random variable.
- LOLP Loss of Load Probability
- ENS Unsupplied Energy
- PNS Power Not Supplied
- CMO Marginal Cost of Operation
- RED Distributed Energy Resources
- 1.5% month approximately equivalent to the 10 most critical hours of each month

Auctions and AEGEMONITORING OF ENERGY GENERATING PROJECTS

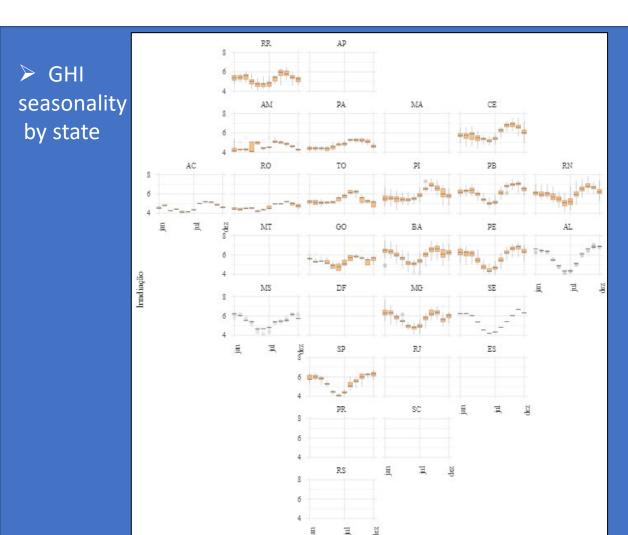




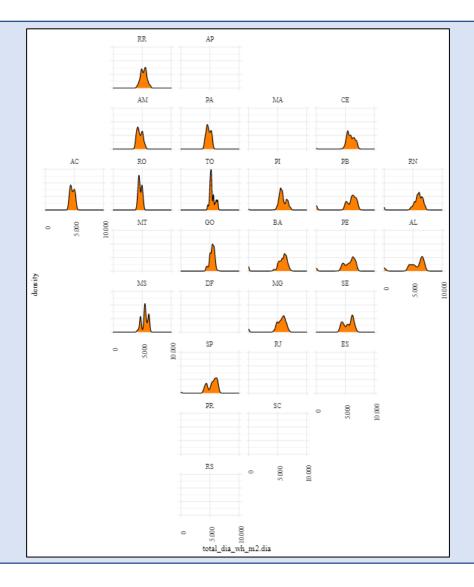
Aspects related to the energy resources (Solar PV)



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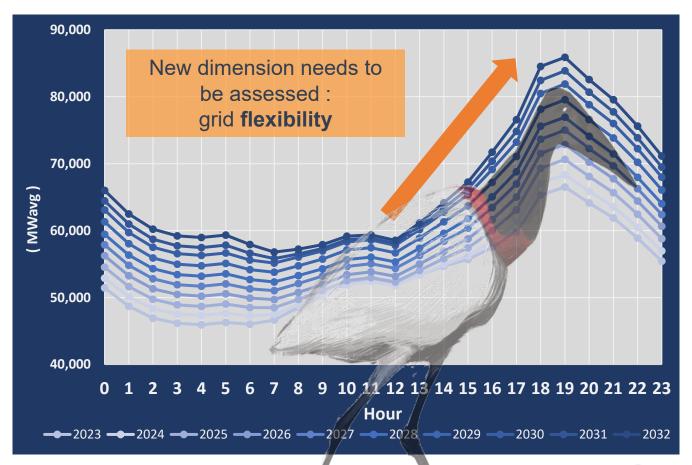
➤ GHI frequency density by state



Brazilian System Hourly Net Load Evolution

Monitor not only average energy, but also system capacity and its fluctuations.

In the planning horizon, the hourly **net load** (total energy demand – VRE generation) tends to have more intense intraday variations.







System requirements and their concepts

ENERGY

- Resource availability to meet cumulative energy demand for long periods, such as months and years.
- Unit: megawatt-hour (MWh) ou megawatt average (MWavg)

CAPACITY

- Resource availability to meet all expected load levels instantly, given specified capacity supply risk criteria.
- Unit: megawatt (MW).

FLEXIBILITY

- Resource availability to meet all net load variations between two time periods. It can include multiple time scales such as seasonal, monthly, hourly variations.
- Unit: (MW/h)



Study on Climate Changes



- Main objective: to support the **integration of renewable energy** and energy efficiency into the Brazilian energy system.
- The project is part of the actions of the **Brazil-Germany Cooperation** for Sustainable Development, through the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ)
- The study will simulate the impacts of future climate change scenarios on the Brazilian electrical system, analyzing, for example, how changes in precipitation, temperature, solar radiation and wind variables could impact the planning and operation of the Brazilian electrical grid.
- Climate projections from models of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) and projections from the National Institute for Space Research (INPE) and the National Water Agency (ANA) are being used as resources. The system operator also participates.



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Thank you