

# Developing a comprehensive renewable cost data collection process to support Italian policy makers

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## **IRENA-GSE**

*Renewable cost data to support policy making: Design, implementation and best practice* 

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## **GSE - Italian Energy Services Operator**



**MISSION:** GSE promotes the development of <u>renewable energy</u> sources and <u>energy efficiency</u> in Italy, granting <u>economic incentives</u>, managing <u>energy services</u> and supporting the <u>policy makers</u>



- Management of support schemes and energy services for RES, CHP and Energy Efficiency (electricity, heating, transport): management of <u>dematerialized applications</u>, plants <u>qualification</u> and <u>inspection</u>, <u>contracting</u>, management of <u>measures</u> and <u>incentives(services</u>, etc.
- Energy management: participation in the <u>electricity market</u> (energy withdrawn in the context of incentives/services managed), <u>forecasting</u> of electricity production, management of <u>unbalancing</u> costs, calculation of curtailed wind power generation, etc. GSE aims to reduce renewables unbalancing costs so it is crucial accurate forecasting of non-programmable plants.
- CO2 auctions : we are in charge of auctioning Italian emission allowances on the European Common Auction Platform (CAP)
- Support to institutional policy makers and public administration
- Studies, statistics, monitoring on RES and EE: statistics, monitoring reports for the EU, analysis of economic and employment impacts, environmental effects, authorization procedures, generation costs in Italy and at international level, analysis and comparison of international policies
- International activities: participation in the main international <u>associations</u> (IEA, IRENA, RES4MED, etc.) and in the <u>energy projects and studies funded</u> (Concerted Action on RED, PV Parity, etc.)
- Information and training: promotion of RES and EE (workshops, reports and guides, training, etc.)
- Support to Italian RES operators ("Corrente" project) to contribute to improving the chain visibility and to introducing the operators into the international markets



- Motivations and regulatory framework
- Output analysis and Input data

## GSE methodology for systematic cost data collection

- PV technology assessment
- Other RES technology assessment

## • Cost data analysis and results

- PV costs evolution
- Other RES costs

## Example of other analyses arising from the same monitoring

- Supply chain
- Jobs









## **Motivations and regulatory framework**







 Data about generation costs of renewable energy in a specific market are crucial in setting national policies, monitor the results and it can be also a key issue for sector deployment planning

 In Italy the Ministry of economic development has entrusted GSE to implement a monitoring activity on generation costs of renewable energy in order to analyze the evolution of the competitiveness of RES technologies, economic and employment impacts of the deployment of renewables in the national industry, estimate effectiveness and efficiency of the supporting schemes also compared with other EU Member states

(Legal basis: Legislative Decree 28/2011, art. 40, Ministerial Decree 06/07/2012, art. 24)



## **Output analysis**

Technology specific analysis



- Evolution of technology costs
- Evolution of generation costs
- Evolution of investments feasibility



- Setting of support level on profitability basis
- Policy efficiency analysis





• Evaluation of impacts on the **energy markets** and construction of bottom-up **energy scenarios** 



• Monitoring of annual **investments** in the sector



- Jobs impacts (directs, indirects, induced)
- Gross economic impacts (AV, GDP, import-export...)



## Input data

input uata			
Cost inputs	•	•	Investment costs in the local markets
		•	Operation and maintenance costs in the local markets
	·	•	Cost of fuels
Technical inputs	·	•	Technical potential of resources for each region
	AND	•	Efficiency and availability of technologies
Financial inputs	062 % ·	•	Financial parameters (WACC and financial leverage)
Energy Prices inputs	<b>.</b>	•	Energy remuneration and avoided costs
	•	,	Equipment manufacturers
value chain inputs			Cost of Jahour of the construction and operation phase

#### Monitoring cost data of RES technologies in Italy •

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## How to collect cost data: GSE approach

- GSE handles national RES support schemes and other services provided to RES operators. This allows collecting information on thousands of renewable power plant investments in internal databases.
- **GSE** is also involved in the **National Statistics System** (SISTAN) for the elaboration of RES statistics, and supports the Italian Ministry of Economic Development (MSE) in monitoring the achievement of RES 2020 targets and report to **European Commission**, **Eurostat**, **UNECE**, **IEA**, **IRENA**, **etc**.
- The operators, during the access phase to the support schemes and GSE's services or by GSE's statistical surveys, are asked to compile an on-line form with technology specific fields in order to asses a detailed breakdown of the investment, O&M, fuel and financial costs. At the same time GSE acquires information about type, manufacturers, performances and supply chain of adopted technologies and also about labor intensity trough some specific indicators.













## PV: On-line form on GSE website, from 2007



• Also, information on modules and inverters manufacturer are requested

Description of PV database: a huge information flow was collected from 2007

Technology	Number of plants	Capacity [MW]
PV	548.667	17.613



Example for a biogas power plant - 300 kW

investment cost and breakdown						
Costo totale di investimento (€): i 1800000 di cui per (in percentuale):						
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Compone sistema d	enti Elettr di controll	ici e Sistemi o o (%): o (%): emission	i ento delle 4,00% Cvil i (%):	uppo dell'iniziativa (%): 6,00%		
Fuel	requ	irement and cost				
		Tipologia Matrice	Descrizione Matrice	Fabbisogno Matrice (t/anno)	Costo Approvigionamento Matrice (€/t)	
1	×	Prodotto origine biologica	Pastone di mais	440	100	
1	×	Prodotto di origine biologica	Granella di mais	495	190	
1	💉 🕺 Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Stocco di mais		65	25		
1	🖋 🕺 Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Residuo di campo		Residuo di campo	155	15	
1	X Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Liquame bovi		Liquame bovino	7298	0	
1	🖉 🗙 Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Letame		Letame bovino	408	0	
1	X Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Melasso		Melasso	120	180	
1	×	Sottoprodotto di origine biologica	Glycerolo	120	180	
1	×	Sottoprodotto di origine biologica	Sottoprodotti lavorazione del mais	150	150	
1	×	Sottoprodotto di origine biologica	Distiller	150	150	
0&	M co	ct				
Costo annuo stimato di O&M (€/Anno): 1 100000 di cui per (in percentuale):					:	
Esercizio e manutenzione (%):		50,00%	Gestione (%): 📋	50,00%		
Financial parameters						
Percentuale di capitale proprio (%): 10% Percentuale di capitale di debito (%): 1 Percentuale di debito (%): 1 Percen						



Example for a biogas power plant - 300 kW





#### Example for a biogas power plant - 300 kW investment cost and breakdown Annual **Annual cost** Type of **Description** requirement [€/ton] fuel [ton/year] Fuel requirement\*and cost **Tipologia Matrice** Descrizione Matrice Fabbisogno Matrice (t/anno) Costo Approvigionamento Matrice (€/t) × Prodotto origine biologica Pastone di mais 440 100 × Prodotto di origine biologica Granella di mais 495 190 × Sottoprodotto di origine biologica 65 Stocco di mais 25 х Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Residuo di campo 155 15 х Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Liquame bovino 7298 0 × 408 0 Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Letame bovino х 180 Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Melasso 120 × Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Glycerolo 120 180 150 150 Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Sottoprodotti lavorazione del mais 150 150 Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Distiller



#### Example for a biogas power plant - 300 kW investment cost and breakdown 5,00% Opere Civili (%): 15,00% 🗘 4,00% Annual % % Sottoprodotto di origine biologica Sottoprodotto di origine biologica **0&M Administra** cost Sottoprodotto di origine biologica [€/year] tion Sottoprodotto di origine biologica **O&M cost** Costo annuo stimato di O&M (€/Anno): 1 di cui per (in percentuale): Esercizio e manutenzione (%): 1 Gestione (%): 1 Percentuale di capitale di debito Durata del debito × (%); i 👗 (Anni): 1 - 14 -



#### Example for a biogas power plant - 300 kW investment cost and breakdown 5,00% 🗘 Opere Civili (%): 15,00% 🗘 4,00% 6,00% **Duration of** % % % Equity Debt Debt Cost of debt Gestione (%): 🧵 Financial parameters Percentuale di capitale proprio (%): Percentuale di capitale di debito Durata del debito Costo medio del capitale di ٠ • (Anni): İ (%): 1 debito (%): 🧵





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## Cost data analysis and results: PV



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## **Description of PV database**

A huge information flow was collected from 2007

power plants, etc.) was carried out, Technology Capacity [MW] Number of plants excluding – from the cost analysis – **PV** 548.667 17.613 about 38.000 initiatives for capacity of 1,7 GW. Number Capacity (MW) 100.000 3.000 6.265 24.081 39,352 138.356 121.903 149.413 69.307 90.000 70 MW 338 MW 2.500 80.000 70.000 2.000 Capacity (MW) 60.000 Number 1.500 50.000 40.000 1.000 30.000 20.000 500 10.000 0 1-3 kW 1-3 kW 1-3 kW 1-3 kW 1-3 kW 1-3 kW 3-20 kW 3-20 kW 1-3 kW arger than 1000 kW 3-20 kW arger than 1000 kW 20-200 kW 200-1000 kW arger than 1000 kW 20-200 kW 200-1000 kW than 1000 kW 3-20 kW 20-200 kW 200-1000 kW arger than 1000 kW 3-20 kW 3-20 kW 3-20 kW 20-200 kW 200-1000 kW 20-200 kW 200-1000 kW 20-200 kW 200-1000 kW larger than 1000 kW 20-200 kW 00-1000 kW arger 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013

## Cost data analysis and results: PV

## **Evolution of PV costs: Modules**



#### **Evolution of average module cost with respect to 2008 cost**

#### Technologic insight



 In 2013, the average module cost was about 30% of 2008 cost

- Fast decrease of modules cost for all technologies
- For large-scale plants, a more pronounced cost decrease is observed
- Significant difference in specific €/W cost by power class due to the distribution chain scale effect



## **International comparison**

Comparison between spot prices of PV modules manufactured in China and in Germany and the module's price in the Italian market (€/W)



It can be considered as a clue of the reliability of the GSE monitoring





## **Evolution of PV costs:** Inverters

### Evolution of average inverter cost



- Significant difference in specific €/kW cost by power class, more than modules, due to technological scale effect
- Fast decrease of inverter cost, though slightly slower than modules

#### Annual decrease of inverter cost



Relevant annual decrease, reaching about 30% in 2012 (with respect to 2011)



## **Evolution of PV costs:** investment (€/W)



- Fast decrease of investment costs (20% of average annual reduction), especially for large PV plants
- In 2013, the cost of 1-3 kW residential PV plants was 44% of the cost in 2008
- In 2013, the cost of 1 MW ground-mounted PV plants was 25% of the cost in 2008

## Cost data analysis and results: PV



## **Evolution of PV** generation cost



- Fast decrease of generation costs, following the evolution of investment costs
- In 2013, the generation cost of 1-3 kW residential PV plants was 43% of the cost in 2008
- In 2013, the generation cost of large-scale ground-mounted PV plants was 34% of the cost in 2008

## **LCOE** sensitivity

 Further analysis reveals the strong sensitivity of generation cost to discount rate and energy production



#### Rooftop plants built in 2013

## Cost data analysis and results: PV

## **Comparison between the evolution of generation costs and total revenues**



Generation costs and total income refer to ground-mounted PV plants with P > 1 MW, while developed capacity includes all plants.

 The fast decrease of generation costs in 2008-2010 was not combined with the same rate of reduction of energy remuneration, thus determining the economic conditions for a great development in 2010-2011



## **Evolution of PV** <u>competitivity</u>



• We are **close to grid parity** (red and blue) and **far from market parity** (red and green)



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## **Description of GSE other RES cost database**

- The other RES cost data collection includes investments developed starting from 2012.
- In October 2014, the database includes 875 power plants for a total capacity of 397 MW

Technology	Number of plants	Capacity [MW]	
Wind on shore	446	229	
Hydro reservoir	5	4	
Hydro run on river	206	101	
Hydro on acqueduct	36	3	
Biogas	108	26	
Biomass (included WTE)	72	33	
Landfill gas	2	1	
Total	875	397	



## **Preliminary Analysis of other RES cost database**

• The table contains a sample report of investment data relative to individual initiatives that result representative of the average conditions

	Technology					
	WIND	HYDRO run on river	GEO	BIOGAS Silage & Manure	BIOMASS wood pellet	
Technical data						
Electric power [KW]	16.000	400	20.000	300	200	
Load factor ( %)	<b>30%</b> (range:20%-32%)	49%	92%	80%	80%	
Annual energy production [MWh]	42.048	1.700	161.184	2.102	1.395	
Economic lifetime (years)	20	20	25	20	20	
Discount rate	5,0%	4,8%	6,4%	5,4%	5,2%	
Costs						
Investment cost [€ mln]	22,9	1,8	84,8	2,0	1,0	
Specific investment cost [€mln /MW]	1,4	4,4	4,2	6,5	5,2	
O&M cost [€/ MW per year]	40.625	113.636	138.000	333.000	394.472	
Fuel cost [€/t]				45 (only for silage, 13% of total fuel)	210	
Fuel cost [€/year]				100.000	176.400	
LCOE						
Fuel cycle cost [€/MWh]	-	-	-	48	126	
O&M cost [€/MWh]	15	26	17	48	56	
Investment cost [€/MWh]	45	84	44	79	62	
LCOE [€/MWh]	60	111	61	174	245	

## Cost data analysis and results: other RES



## **Preliminary LCOE analysis of other RES technologies**

In this LCOE calculation, the following assumptions were considered:

- No inflation rate applied
- O&M and fuel costs are assumed constant for the overall lifetime

#### **LCOE comparison between different RES technologies** [€/MWh] (preliminary results)







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## **Cost data analysis and results: PV**

## **Evolution of PV** supply chain

## **Modules**

Country of origin of the manufacturer companies (as % of annual capacity)



- China and Germany had the highest market share, especially in 2010-2012, when most capacity was installed
- In 2013, the Italian share showed a slight recover, reaching 22%

## Inverters





The Italian industry has always had a high market share, further growing between 2008 and 2013



## Other monitoring activities: investments and jobs

## Jobs in the RES-E sector

According to Legislative Decree n.28/2011, GSE assesses economic and employment impacts of RES development



#### Employment impacts due to investments in new plants in 2012 (FTE)





#### Total O&M expenditures in existing plants in 2012 (mln €/year)

# Employment impacts due to total O&M expenditures in existing plants in 2012 (FTE)







# **Thank You For Your Attention**

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