

MAIZE

RAW MATERIALS





Maize was a vital staple food for the community, serving as a substitute for rice and providing a significant portion of their energy and nutritional needs.

COCONUT



RAW MATERIALS



Often called the "tree of life," the coconut is a major source of livelihood for the community.

CACAO







Cacao is cultivated as a high-value cash crop, primarily for its beans, which are used to produce chocolate and other products.

COFFEE





Coffee serves as a cash crop for smallholder farmers, offering a stable and reliable source of income compared to seasonal crops.

BANANA RAW MATERIALS





Bananas are a vital crop that serves a dual purpose, acting as both a staple food and a source of income through the sale of its fruits and banana fiber.

CASSAVA



RAW MATERIALS



Cassava acting as a climate-resilient alternative to rice that can be prepared in various ways, such as boiled, grilled, mashed, or deep-fried.

TARO RAW MATERIALS





Taro has historically served as a vital staple and food security crop for many indigenous communities in the Philippines, especially in areas where rice production is challenging or unreliable.

RUBBER



RAW MATERIALS



Rubber trees produce latex, which is collected by tapping the trees and is sold as a raw material.

TIGER GRASS



RAW MATERIALS



Tiger grass (Thysanolaena latifolia), locally known as "tambo", is primarily grown for its flowering panicles, which are the main raw material for making the popular soft broom (walis tambo).

NON TIMBER SE-FOREST PRODUCTS

RAW MATERIALS



Non-timber forest products (NTFPs) are any materials harvested from the forest, except for timber. These include abaca, bamboo, rattan, fruits, nuts, cinnamon, giant honey bees and plant-based dyes like indigo.

TIMBER RAW MATERIALS





Timber refers to wood-based materials harvested from trees, primarily used for construction, furniture, and other applications.

TROPICAL FRUITS



RAW MATERIALS



Cultivating tropical fruits is a key part of the economy and one of the food source for many communities.





Growing vegetables can generate income and achieve self-reliance. It leverages the natural resources like land and water, to create a sustainable livelihood.

LIVESTOCK



RAW MATERIALS



Cultivating tropical fruits is a key part of the economy and one of the food source for many communities.

TIGER GRASSSE-BROOM

AGRO-PROCESSED PRODUCTS



A traditional craft and a significant source of livelihood for many indigenous and upland communities in the Philippines. The finished product, known locally as walis tambo, is a staple in Filipino households.



Tablea is made from pure, fermented and roasted cacao nibs that are ground into a thick paste and then molded. The most common use of tablea is to make hot chocolate drink (sikwate).

COFFEE POWDER



AGRO-PROCESSED PRODUCTS



After being dried and roasted, the coffee beans are ground into a powder for consumption.

COPRA



AGRO-PROCESSED PRODUCTS



Using sun-drying process to produce dried coconut meat, also known as copra. The copra is then taken to large-scale mills where it is crushed and pressed to extract the crude coconut oil.

VIRGIN SECOCONUT OIL

AGRO-PROCESSED PRODUCTS



Extract oil from fresh, raw coconut meat instead of dried copra without the use of chemical refining to produce a higher-value product and capture a larger share of the profits.

BANANA FIBER





Banana fiber is a natural, biodegradable fiber extracted from the pseudostem of the banana plant.

SARI-SARI STORE



TRADING GOODS



A homebase grocery store which are smaller, independent businesses that serve as a central hub for daily necessities.

BAKERY STORE



TRADING GOODS



A business that produces and sells baked goods, such as cakes, cookies, and breads.

PISO WIFI







A coin-operated vending machine which provides affordable, pay-per-use internet access.





Providing electricity to remote homes, villages, or small businesses that are not connected to the main power grid through a micro-hydropower system.

WATER SUPPLY



UTILITY SERVICES



Water supply in rural areas typically relies on a variety of sources that are decentralized and often managed at a local or household level.

CORN MILLING SERVICE





Provides the equipment and expertise to process raw corn kernels into various products, most commonly corn flour, cornmeal, or corn grits.

GRINDING SERVICE



AGRO-PROCESSED SERVICES



Provides the equipment and expertise to process roasted coffee beans and cacao beans into a finer, consumable form.

HEALTHCARE SERVICE

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES



Healthcare services in rural areas are often less comprehensive than those in urban centers and are primarily focused on basic and emergency care.

CREATIVE CONTENT



DIGITAL GOODS



A variety of products such as digital art, stock photos, graphic designs, videos and online courses

HAIR SALON



PERSONAL SERVICES



Offers services like cutting, styling, coloring, perms, and specialized treatments. Many hair salons also sell hair care products.

CHILDCARE



PERSONAL SERVICES



Supervision and care of children from infancy to school age, typically while their parents or guardians are at work or unavailable.

PRINTING SERVICE



PERSONAL SERVICES



A business that offer printing service for basic black and white or color printing of documents.

GOODS DELIVERY



TRANSPORTATION SERVICES



The transportation of items from a point of origin to a predetermined destination, it is a vital service for businesses and individuals.

MOTOR S WORKSHOPS

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR SERVICES



Motor workshops provide a variety of services, which can range from routine maintenance to complex engine overhauls

HOMESTAY

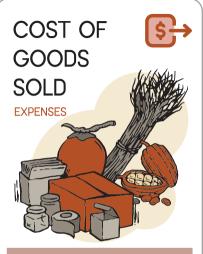


HOSPITALITY & TOURISM SERVICES



Homestay can offers a unique and authentic travel experience, allowing visitors to immerse themselves in the local culture, lifestyle, and environment of a community.





The direct expenses of producing goods or services. Typically includes the cost of raw materials, packaging, labeling and direct labor.

OPERATING EXPENSES



EXPENSES



The necessary expenses for the continuous operation of a business, such as rent, utilities, salaries, fees, transportations and marketing.

NONOPERATING EXPENSES



Costs not directly related to the company's core business operations. Examples are interest of loans, taxes, and impairment charges.

REPAIRS & S MAINTENANCE

EXPENSES



Recurring costs to keep assets like vehicles, equipments and buildings in their normal working condition.